The chart on the proceeding page is a summary of the uses permitted in the following zoning districts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zoning Districts</th>
<th>Zoning District Abbreviation</th>
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<tr>
<td>Single-Family Residential District</td>
<td>SFR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Multi-Family 1 Duplex District</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Multi-Family 2 District</td>
<td>MF2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multi-Family Special Area District</td>
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<td>Giralda Plaza Overlay District</td>
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The letter "P" indicates that the use is a permitted use in the district subject to approval as set out in Article 3 and in compliance with the standards in the district and Article 5 of these regulations. The letter "C" indicates that the use is permitted in the district as a conditional use in accordance with the procedures set out in Article 3, Division 4 and the standards in these regulations.
### Article 4 – Zoning Districts

#### Article 4 – Table No. 1. Zoning District Uses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use categories</th>
<th>Zoning Districts</th>
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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Accessory uses, buildings, and structures (see Table No. 2 for list of permitted accessory uses)</td>
<td>P</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- Single-family dwellings: P P P P P P P
- Duplex dwellings: P P P
- Multi-family dwellings: P P
- Townhouse dwellings: P P
- Live-work: P P P

| **Non-residential uses** | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accessory uses, buildings, and structures (see Table No. 2 for list of permitted accessory uses) | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | See Section 4-201 | P | See Section 4-202 | See Section 4-205 |

- Adult uses: C
- Alcoholic beverage sales: P P P
- Animal grooming or boarding: P P
- Assisted living facilities: C C C C C
- Auto service stations: C P P
- Bed and breakfast: C
- Botanical gardens: P/C
- Camps: P P P C
- Cemeteries: C
- City Parks: P P P P P P P P P
- Commercial laundry: P
- Community center: C P P
- Congregate care: P P
- Country club: C
- Day care: P P
- Drive-through facilities: C C
- Educational facilities: P/C P
- Family day care: P P P P
- Funeral homes: P
- Golf course (Primary use): C
- Government uses: P P C
- Heliport: C
- Helistop: C C C
- Hospitals and uses accessory to . . .: C
- Indoor recreation / entertainment: P P P
- Manufacturing: P
- Marina facilities: C C
- Medical clinic: P/C P P
- Medical Marijuana Retail Center: C
- Mixed use buildings: C C
- Municipal facilities: P P P C
- Museum: C P P C
### Article 4 – Table No. 1. Zoning District Uses

<table>
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<th>Use categories</th>
<th>SFR</th>
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<td>Wholesale / distribution / warehouse facility</td>
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*P – Permitted Use
*C – Conditional Use*
### Article 4 – Table No. 2. Zoning District Accessory Uses

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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*P – Permitted Use.

*Permitted as an accessory use in association with a new car dealership.
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

Division 1. Residential Districts

Section 4-101. Single-Family Residential (SFR) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The Single-Family Residential (SFR) District is intended to accommodate low density, single-family dwelling units with adequate yards and open space that characterize the residential neighborhoods of the City. The City is unique not only in South Florida but in the country for its historic and architectural treasures, its leafy canopy, and its well-defined and livable neighborhoods. These residential areas, with tree-lined streets and architecture of harmonious proportion and human scale, provide an oasis of charm and tranquility in the midst of an increasingly built-up metropolitan environment. The intent of the Code is to protect the distinctive character of the City, while encouraging excellent architectural design that is responsible and responsive to the individual context of the City’s diverse neighborhoods. The single-family regulations, as well as the design and performance standards in the Zoning Code, seek to ensure that the renovation of residences as well as the building of residences is in accord with the civic pride and sense of stewardship felt by the citizens of Coral Gables. By preserving the community character of the Gables, the Zoning Code safeguards both individual property values, as well as the quality of life that best serves the collective interest. In an SFR District no use other than these listed below shall be permitted. No buildings or premises shall be used, nor shall any building or structure be erected, altered or enlarged which is arranged, intended or designed to be used for a use other than a single-family use as defined in this code.

B. Permitted principal uses and structures. The following uses are permitted:

1. Accessory dwelling.

2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

3. Family day care as required and defined pursuant to Florida Statutes.

4. Parks, City.

5. Single-family dwellings.


C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the SFR District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Private yacht basins.

D. Performance standards. The following performance standards shall regulate design provisions for structures in the District. The Board of Architects shall have authority over the following performance standards and shall make any adjustments as required by compatibility with neighboring properties, site characteristics, and design goals in the Comprehensive Plan. The Board of Architects may deny any proposed project based on aesthetic design as applied to the unique conditions of each building site. Where there are specific standards for properties that are specifically set forth in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations, the regulations in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations shall apply (see Appendix A).

1. Building sites. Buildings and structures shall be constructed or erected upon a building site containing at least one (1) platted lot, and such building site shall have a minimum street frontage of fifty (50) feet. See also Section 3-206, Building site determination.
2. Density. One (1) principal building per building site.

3. Facing of lots and buildings. Every lot shall be deemed to face the street upon which it abuts; if a lot abuts upon more than one street, it shall be deemed to face the street upon which it has the shortest street line; and any building shall face the front of the lot, and be subject to the restrictions governing buildings on each street on which it is deemed to face. The facing of a building site shall be based on the platting of the lots that comprise the building site, except for specific deviations or exceptions prescribed in Section 3-905.

4. Setback requirements. To create high quality public spaces and promote neighborhood character, all buildings shall meet the following setback requirements.

   a. Front setback. Twenty-five (25) feet, except when otherwise permitted by the Board of Architects pursuant to the Best Practices Manual. The Board of Architects may recommend approval of variances to the Board of Adjustment or the Historic Preservation Board, as applicable.

   b. Side setbacks.

      i. Interior side: Twenty (20%) percent of the total lot width, with a combined maximum of twenty (20) feet shall be equal on both sides. An existing contextual condition may allow an uneven distribution as determined by the Board of Architects, but in no case shall a side setback be less than five (5) feet.

      ii. Side street: Fifteen (15) feet.

   c. Rear setback. Ten (10) feet. If compatible with the neighborhood character, the Board of Architects may recommend approval of variances to the Board of Adjustment or the Historic Preservation Board, as applicable, to allow a rear setback of five (5) feet for one-story structures.

   d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay. On all building sites abutting upon a canal, waterway, lake or bay, the minimum setback from the waterway for all buildings, or portions thereof designed or used for occupancy for residential purposes shall be thirty-five (35) feet from the canal, waterway, lake or bay as platted.

      Uncovered steps and walkways may be located at a lesser distance than the setback. All other structures, pool equipment, and mechanical systems shall comply with setback requirements.

5. Setback requirements for auxiliary, accessory buildings or structures. Except as specifically prescribed herein, auxiliary, accessory buildings or structures shall be governed by the same minimum setback requirements as provided for the principal building, provided that:

   a. Except as may be otherwise noted no accessory or auxiliary building or structures may be located in the area between the street and the main residential building.

   b. In no case shall an auxiliary building or structure be located closer to the front or side street of a lot or building site than the main or principal building, unless approved by the Board of Architects.

   c. One (1) story detached garages located in the rear yard area, with a floor area that does not exceed three hundred-and-fifty (350) square feet, may have a side setback of five (5) feet and a rear setback of five (5) feet.
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

6. Height: Two (2) stories or twenty-five (25) feet, measured from finished floor to the tie-beam on the top floor, excluding a raised floor of thirty (30) inches.

7. Height of residences vulnerable to rising water. Two (2) stories or twenty-five (25) feet, measured from the required base floor elevation, plus freeboard, to the tie-beam on the top floor, and shall be reviewed by the Board of Architects. Residence must meet the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) requirements. That portion of a single-family residence located above the garage in the coastal flood hazard district may in no case be more than one (1) story in height, and may be one (1) story in height, subject to the following conditions and restrictions:

   a. That the elevation of the garage floor shall not be more than six (6) inches above grade.
   b. That the area of the garage shall not exceed a gross floor area of greater than six-hundred sixty (660) square feet or one-third (1/3) of the ground area of the main building on the premises, whichever is greater, including any service or storage, or access area located within the garage.

8. Ground area coverage. A maximum of thirty-five (35%) percent of the building site shall be covered by the main building and shall include cantilevered portions of the building except balconies. Also included are roof overhangs that are greater than five (5) feet. Auxiliary buildings or structures may occupy additional ground coverage, but the total ground area occupied by the main building or structure and auxiliary structures shall not exceed forty-five (45%) percent of the building site. To encourage historic designation, the Board of Architects shall have authority to grant a ten (10) percent increase of ground area coverage to accommodate historically designated structures in accordance with the design standards of that Board.

9. Maximum square foot floor area for single-family residences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Square feet of building site area</th>
<th>Maximum FAR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5,000 sqft or less</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next 5,000 sqft</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remainder of the building site area</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Determination of maximum square foot floor area. The maximum square foot floor area of a single-family residence shall be the sum of the areas of all the floors of the building or buildings, and shall include any building area not specifically excluded by this section. The Board of Architects may require such changes in the plans and specifications for single-family residences as are necessary or appropriate to the maintenance of a high standard of construction, architecture, beauty, and harmony with the aesthetic quality of the surrounding neighborhood in the carrying out of the provisions of this section of the “Zoning Code.”

   The determination of a building’s floor area ratio shall exclude the following:

   a. Thickness of exterior walls, measured from the interior face of structure.
   b. Floor space in one (1) story roofed terraces, breezeways, and porches with an average floor to ceiling height less than or equal to thirteen (13) feet shall also be exempt, provided, a covenant is submitted stating that such roofed terrace, breezeway, or porch will not be enclosed if it will cause the residence to exceed the maximum permitted floor area.
   c. Detached one- and two-story carports and garages located in the rear yard, or where determined by the Board of Architects, that is less than or equal to four-hundred (400) square feet. Any additional area will not be excluded.
   d. Stacked or two (2) story porches, as approved by the Board of Architects.
   e. Upper volume of interior spaces or courtyards.
   f. Basements and attics within a pitched roof.

11. Garage facades. The full width of the garage façade shall be less than or equal to one-third (1/3) of...
the width of the front façade of the residence that faces upon a primary street. In the event a building site has fifty (50) feet of street frontage, then a one (1) car garage with a maximum interior dimension of twelve (12) feet by twenty-five (25) feet deep shall be permitted to face upon the front street. On corner lots, garage facades shall face the side street, when appropriate for consistency with the neighborhood character, and may not exceed one-half (1/2) of the width of the façade. In multiple car garages facing upon any street, each single garage door shall be separated by at least a sixteen (16) inch column.

12. Garage doors and carports. To be compatible with neighborhood character, the Board of Architects shall approve the location of garage doors and carports. When located on a corner lot, the garage and carport shall be accessed from a side street when appropriate for neighborhood compatibility. If the garage is turned or angled, the garage may be set forward of the front façade providing that the side facing the street contains windows, pedestrian entryways, or other features that mimic the living portion of the house. The Board of Architects shall direct design of garage door location. Carports may be enclosed using shutters or screening as approved by the Board of Architects.

13. Driveways. Driveways and associated curb-cuts shall only be permitted when providing access to a garage, carport or porte-cochere. Building sites less than one-hundred (100) feet of street frontage shall be limited to one (1) curb-cut. To accommodate street trees and minimal sidewalk disruption, driveways and curb-cuts shall not exceed eleven (11) feet in width within the public right-of-way. Where an alley or side street is present, curb-cuts or driveways with access provided from the front property line shall be reviewed by the Board of Architects.

14. Carport canopies are prohibited in SFR zoning districts. Existing carport canopies in SFR zoning districts shall be considered as nonconforming and are subject to the provisions in Article 6.

15. Architectural style and design review. Pursuant to Article 5, Division 6, “Design Review Standards,” the Board of Architects shall review applications for aesthetic design and compatibility. Board of Architects shall have the authority to deny proposed designs that do not comply with aesthetic standards. Applicants are required to submit and describe the proposed architectural style, with adequate documentation of precedents and aesthetic goals.

Section 4-102. Multi-Family 1 Duplex (MF1) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The Multi-Family 1 Duplex (MF1) District is intended to accommodate low density, duplex dwelling units with adequate yards and open space to characterize a residential environment. In an MF1 District no buildings or premises shall be used, nor shall any building or structure be erected, altered or enlarged which is arranged, intended or designed to be used, for a use other than uses permitted in the district.

B. Permitted principal uses and structures. The following uses are permitted in the MF1 district:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Duplex dwellings.

3. Family day care as required and defined pursuant to Florida Statutes.

4. Parks, City.

5. Single-family dwellings that conform to the standards for single-family residences in an SFR District.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the MF1 District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Private yacht basins.

D. Performance standards. The following performance standards shall govern the general development of structures in the District. All duplexes shall have the exterior appearance of a single-family house. Where there are specific standards for properties that are specifically set forth in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations, the regulations in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations shall apply (see Appendix A).

1. Building sites. Buildings and structures constructed in this District shall be constructed or erected upon a building site containing at least one (1) platted lot, and such building site shall have a minimum street frontage of fifty (50) feet.

2. Density. Maximum density of two (2) units and one (1) principal building per building site.

3. Facing of lots and buildings. Every lot shall be deemed to face the street upon which it abuts; if a lot abuts upon more than one street, it shall be deemed to face the street upon which it has the shortest street line; and any building shall face the front of the lot, and be subject to the restrictions governing buildings on each street on which it is deemed to face. The facing of a building site shall be based on the platting of the lots that comprise the building site, except for specific deviations or exceptions prescribed in Section 3-905, or a recommendation by the Board of Architects based on aesthetic criteria.

4. Setback requirements. To create high quality public spaces and promote neighborhood character, all buildings shall meet the following setback requirements:

   a. Front setback. Twenty-five (25) feet. The Board of Architects may recommend approval of variances to the Board of Adjustment or the Historic Preservation Board, as applicable.

   b. Side setbacks.

      i. Interior Side: Twenty (20%) percent of the total lot width, with a combined maximum of twenty (20) feet shall be equal on both sides. An existing contextual condition may allow an uneven distribution as determined by the Board of Architects, but in no case shall a side setback be less than five (5) feet.

      ii. Side street: Fifteen (15) feet.

   c. Rear setback. Ten (10) feet.

   d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay. On all building sites abutting upon a canal, waterway, lake or bay, the minimum setback from the waterway for all buildings, or portions thereof designed or used for occupancy for residential purposes shall be thirty-five (35) feet from the canal, waterway, lake or bay as platted.

Uncovered steps and walkways may be located at a less distance than the setback. All other structures, pool equipment, and mechanical systems shall comply with setback requirements.

5. Setback requirements for auxiliary and accessory buildings or structures. Except as specifically prescribed herein, auxiliary and accessory buildings or structures shall be governed by the same minimum setback requirements as provided for the main or principal building, provided that:

   a. Except as may be otherwise noted no accessory or auxiliary building or structures may be
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located in the area between the street and the main residential building.

b. In no case shall an auxiliary building or structure be located closer to the front or side street of a lot or building site than the main or principal building, unless approved by the Board of Architects.

6. Height of duplex buildings and accessory buildings. Maximum heights are as follows:

a. Two (2) floors;

b. Twenty-five (25) feet, measured from the finished floor to the tie-beam on the top floor, excluding a raised floor of thirty (30) inches, for the first fifty (50) feet or half of the lot depth, whichever is less, abutting SFR properties, as measured from the SFR property line; and

c. Thirty (30) feet for the remaining portions of the property.

7. Height of single-family buildings. Single-family buildings and accessory buildings shall satisfy all applicable SFR requirements.

8. Ground area coverage. A maximum of thirty-five (35%) percent of the building site shall be covered by the main building and shall include cantilevered portions of the building except balconies. Also included are roof overhangs that are greater than five (5) feet. Auxiliary buildings or structures, including swimming pools, may occupy additional ground coverage, but the total ground area occupied by the main building or structure and auxiliary structures shall not exceed forty-five (45%) percent of the site.

9. Minimum dwelling unit floor area. Each dwelling unit shall have a minimum floor area of five hundred seventy-five (575) square feet.

10. Architectural style. See Article 5, Division 6.

11. Garages and carports. The full width of a garage façade shall not exceed one-third (1/3) of the width of the duplex façade. On corner lots, garages and carports shall face and be accessed from the side street, when appropriate for neighborhood compatibility. Each single garage door shall be separated by at least a sixteen (16) inch column. The garage may be set forward of the rest of the front façade provided the vehicular entry faces to the side, and the garage portion of the façade facing the street contains windows, pedestrian entrances or other features that mimic the habitable portion of the structure.

12. Driveways. Building sites less than one-hundred (100) feet of street frontage shall be limited to one (1) curb-cut. To accommodate street trees and minimal sidewalk disruption, driveways and curb-cuts shall not exceed eleven (11) feet in width within the public right-of-way. Where an alley or side street is present, curb-cuts or driveways with access provided from the front property line shall be reviewed by the Board of Architects.

Section 4-103. Multi-Family 2 (MF2) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Multi-Family 2 (MF2) District is to accommodate various forms of multi-family housing to meet the housing needs of a diverse community, while ensuring that there is a transition to single-family and duplex neighborhoods which protects the integrity of those neighborhoods.

B. Permitted principal uses and structures. The following uses are permitted:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and
not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Duplex dwellings that conform to the performance standards for duplex buildings in an MF1 District.

3. Family day care as required and defined pursuant to Florida Statutes.

4. Multi-family dwellings.

5. Parks, City.


7. Townhouse/row house dwellings. Minimum building/parcel width of twenty-two (22) feet.

8. Utility infrastructure facilities.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the MF2 District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Assisted living facilities (ALF).

2. Bed and breakfast establishments.

3. Private yacht basins.

D. Performance standards. The following performance standards shall govern the general development of structures in the District. Where there are specific standards for properties that are specifically set forth in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations, the regulations in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations shall apply (see Appendix A).

1. Building sites. Buildings and structures constructed in this District shall be constructed or erected upon a building site containing at least one (1) platted lot, and such building site shall have a minimum street frontage of fifty (50) feet.

2. Minimum parcel dimensions.

   a. Buildings with a height of forty-five feet (45) feet or less shall be constructed on a parcel of land with a width of not less than fifty (50) feet or a depth of not less than one hundred (100) feet.

   b. Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or greater shall be constructed on a parcel of land with an area of not less than twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet and at least one-hundred (100) feet of frontage on a public street.

3. Maximum density. The density provided in the Comprehensive Plan, with architectural incentives.

4. Facing of lots and buildings. Every lot shall be deemed to face the street upon which it abuts; if a lot abuts upon more than one street, it shall be deemed to face the street upon which it has the shortest street line; and any building shall face the front of the lot, and be subject to the restrictions governing buildings on each street on which it is deemed to face. The facing of a building site shall be based on the platting of the lots that comprise the building site, except for specific deviations or exceptions prescribed in Section 3-905.

5. Setback requirements. No building or structure, or any part thereof, including porches, projections or terraces, but not including uncovered steps, shall be erected at a lesser distance from the
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front, side or rear line of any building site than the front, side or rear setback distance, respectively, prescribed and established herein for such building site. Nothing herein shall prohibit a building or structure from having more than the minimum required setbacks.

a. Front setback.
   i. Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Twenty (20) feet.
   ii. Buildings with a height greater than forty-five (45) feet. Eight (8) feet for the first two (2) floors; provided that no parking areas (surface parking or parking garages) shall be located within twenty (20) feet from the front property line. Above the second floor the setback shall be twenty (20) feet.

b. Side setbacks.
   i. Interior side and abutting alley side setback. Ten (10) feet or five (5) feet if side property line abuts an alley.
   ii. Abutting a side street.
      (a) Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Fifteen (15) feet.
      (b) Buildings with a height greater than forty-five (45) feet. Eight (8) feet for the first two (2) floors; provided that no parking areas (surface parking or parking garages) shall be located within twenty (20) feet from the side street property line. Above the second floor the setback shall be twenty (20) feet.

c. Rear setback. Ten (10) feet or five (5) feet if rear property line abuts an alley.

d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay. On all building sites abutting upon a canal, waterway, lake or bay, the minimum setback from the waterway for all buildings, or portions thereof designed or used for occupancy for residential purposes shall be thirty-five (35) feet from the canal, waterway, lake or bay as platted.

6. Setback requirements of auxiliary and accessory buildings and/or structures. Except as provided for otherwise herein, auxiliary and accessory buildings or structures shall be governed by the same minimum setback requirements as provided for the main or principal building, provided that:

a. No accessory or auxiliary building or structures may be located in the area between the street and the main residential building or any part thereof.

b. In no case shall an auxiliary building or structure be located closer to the front or side street of a lot or building site than the main or principal building.

c. No setbacks shall be required for parking structures and accessory decks which are constructed completely below grade.

d. Surface parking lots located in an interior side yard or rear yard area shall maintain a minimum landscaped setback of three (3) feet.

7. Ground area coverage for buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Buildings or structures designed and constructed for MF2 Districts, shall not occupy more than thirty five (35) percent of the ground area of the building site upon which the building or structure is erected. The area utilized for calculating the maximum ground area coverage for the principal building shall be computed from the exterior face of exterior walls and the exterior face of exterior columns of the ground floor of the building. Cantilevered portions of the building above the ground floor or roof overhangs that are greater than five (5) feet shall be computed in the calculation of the ground area coverage of the principal building. Auxiliary buildings or structures, including swimming pools, may occupy additional ground coverage, but the total ground area occupied by the main building or structure and auxiliary structures shall not exceed forty-five (45%) percent of
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

the site upon which the structures are located. In no case shall the main building or structure exceed thirty-five (35%) percent of the lots or lots composing the site.

8. Floor area ratio. Maximum floor area ratio (FAR) for buildings in MF2 District.

a. Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less shall have a maximum FAR of 1.0.

b. The FAR for buildings with a height greater that forty five (45) feet but less than seventy (70) feet with a permitted density of up to forty (40) units per acre without bonuses and up to fifty (50) units per acre with bonuses shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Height of building in feet</th>
<th>Maximum FAR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Greater than 45’ but less than 55’</td>
<td>1.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55’ or greater but less than 60’</td>
<td>1.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60’ or greater but less than 65’</td>
<td>1.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65’ or greater up to 70’</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

c. The FAR for buildings with a height greater than seventy (70) feet with a permitted density of up to sixty (60) units per acre without bonuses and up to seventy-five (75) units per acre with bonuses shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Height of building in feet</th>
<th>Maximum FAR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Greater than 70’ but less than 80’</td>
<td>1.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80’ or greater but less than 90’</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90’ or greater but less than 100’</td>
<td>1.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100’ or greater but less than 110’</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110’ or greater but less than 120’</td>
<td>1.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120’ or greater but less than 130’</td>
<td>1.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130’ or greater but less than 140’</td>
<td>1.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140’ or greater up to 150’</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Determination of maximum square foot floor area or FAR: The total floor area of a building or buildings on a building site divided by the area of the site. The total floor area shall include the gross horizontal area of the several stories of any building or buildings on the site, as measured from the exterior face of exterior walls (not the windows or doors in the exterior walls), and shall include any building area not specifically excluded by this section as floor area excluded from computing the FAR of a building or buildings. The floor area of a building that is excluded from the determination of a buildings floor area ratio shall include the following:

a. Unenclosed private balconies.

b. Off-street parking garages.

c. Lobbies and corridors on the ground floor of the building.

d. Corridors located above the ground floor that are at least fifty (50%) percent open and unenclosed.

e. Open stairwells.

10. Height. The maximum permitted height is as follows:

a. Pursuant to the Comprehensive Plan Map designation and/or Site Specific Zoning regulations.
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b. MF2 properties shall have a height limitation of three (3) floors or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less, within one hundred (100) feet of adjacent, abutting or contiguous (including streets, waterways, or alleys) SFR and/or MF1 properties, as measured from the MF2 property line.

c. In no case shall a building in an MF2 District exceed sixteen (16) floors in height.

d. The maximum permitted height is measured from established grade to the flat roof deck and when there is no flat roof deck the height shall be to the tie-beam on the top floor of the building. Mechanical equipment areas and decorative roof structures may extend beyond the permitted height a total of ten (10) feet. When more than one (1) of the aforementioned conditions occurs for a specific property, the more restrictive condition shall apply.

11. Parking garages. In the event that structured parking is to be constructed above grade, the facades of the garage shall be designed and improved so that the use of the building as a garage is not readily apparent. That portion of the parking garage that is constructed at ground level shall be screened from street view with living units, portions of living units, or other usable building area, except for vehicular entrance and exit areas. Entrances and exits to garage areas shall have gates that at least partially conceal the interior of the garage from street view. The sides and if necessary the rear of parking structures shall be screened from view of the street with a combination of walls and landscaping as shall be approved by the Board of Architects.

12. Refuse and waste disposal facilities. Refuse and waste disposal facilities shall be enclosed within a building or structure which reflects the architectural character and exterior finishes of the building which is to be served by the facilities. An enclosure used exclusively for refuse and waste facilities may be located in a required front setback area.

13. Minimum dwelling unit floor area. Each dwelling unit shall have a minimum floor area of five-hundred-seventy-five (575) square feet.


Section 4-104. Multi-Family Special Area (MFSA) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Multi-Family Special Area (MFSA) District is to accommodate various forms of multi-family housing to meet the housing needs of a diverse community, while ensuring that there is a transition to single-family neighborhoods which protects the integrity of those neighborhoods.

B. Permitted principal uses and structures. The following uses are permitted:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Duplex dwellings that conform to the performance standards for duplex buildings in an MF1 District.

3. Family day care as required and defined pursuant to Florida Statutes.

4. Multi-family dwellings.

5. Parks, City.


7. Townhouse/row house dwellings.
8. Utility infrastructure facilities.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the MFSA District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Assisted living facilities (ALF).
2. Bed and breakfast establishments.
3. Private yacht basins.

D. Performance standards. The following performance standards shall govern the general development of structures in this District. Where there are specific standards for properties that are specifically set forth in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations, the regulations in the Site Specific Regulations shall apply (see Appendix A).

1. Building sites. Buildings and structures constructed in this District shall be constructed or erected upon a building site containing at least one (1) platted lot, and such building site shall have a minimum street frontage of fifty (50) feet.

2. Minimum parcel dimensions.
   a. Buildings with a height of less than seventy (70) feet. Multi-family dwellings shall be constructed on a parcel of land with a width of not less than fifty (50) feet or a depth of not less than one hundred (100) feet.
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b. Buildings with a height of seventy (70) feet or greater. Multi-family dwellings with a height of seventy (70) feet or greater shall be constructed on a parcel of land with an area of not less than twenty thousand (20,000) square feet and at least one hundred (100) feet of frontage on a public road.

c. Townhouses/row houses. Minimum building/parcel width of twenty-two (22) feet.

3. Maximum density. Sixty (60) dwelling units per acre or the density provided in the Comprehensive Plan, with architectural incentives, whichever is less.

4. Facing of lots and buildings.

a. The facing of a building site shall be based on the platting of the lots that comprise the building site, except for specific deviations or exceptions prescribed in the Site Specific Zoning Regulations in Appendix A.

b. Every lot shall be deemed to face the street upon which it abuts; if a lot abuts upon more than one (1) street, it shall be deemed to face the street upon which it has the shortest street line; and any building shall face the front of the lot, and be subject to the restrictions governing buildings on each street on which it is deemed to face.

c. Townhouse/row house units on a street shall be designed in a row house building typology that is oriented towards the street. All units shall have their primary pedestrian entrance facing and visible from a street, with off-street parking accessed from the rear of the property.

5. Setback requirements. No building or structure, or any part thereof, including porches, projections or terraces, but not including uncovered steps, shall be erected at a lesser distance from the front, side or rear line of any building site than the front, side or rear setback distance, respectively, prescribed and established herein for such building site.
a. Front setback. The front setback shall also be a build to line for the ground level of any building.

i. Townhouses/row houses with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Ten (10) feet.

ii. Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Twenty (20) feet.

iii. Buildings with a height greater than forty-five (45) feet. Twenty (20) feet, provided however, that any portion of a building which has a height of greater than twenty-four (24) feet, shall be set back an additional ten (10) feet.

iv. Adjustment to front setback. In the event that there is public right-of-way between the edge of street pavement and the front property line of the parcel proposed for development, the required front setback shall be reduced by the distance between the edge of pavement and the front property line; provided however, that in no case shall a building be constructed within five (5) feet of the front property line.
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

b. Side setbacks.
   i. Interior property line and abutting alley side setback.
      (a) Townhouses with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. None.
      (b) Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Five (5) feet.
      (c) Buildings with a height of greater than forty-five (45) feet. Ten (10) feet, provided however, that any portion of a building which has a height of greater than twenty-four (24) feet, shall be set back an additional ten (10) feet.
   ii. Abutting a public street.
      (a) Buildings with a height of forty-five (45) feet or less. Ten (10) feet.
      (b) Buildings with a height of greater than forty-five (45) feet. Ten (10) feet, provided however, that any portion of a building which has a height of greater than twenty-four (24) feet, shall be set back an additional five (5) feet.

   c. Rear setback. Ten (10) feet or five (5) feet if rear property line abuts an alley.

6. Floor area ratio. Maximum floor area ratio (FAR) shall not exceed 2.0.

7. Determination of maximum square foot floor area or FAR. The total floor area of a building or buildings on a building site divided by the area of the site. The total floor area shall include the gross horizontal area of the several stories of any building or buildings on the site, as measured from the exterior face of exterior walls (not the windows or doors in the exterior walls), and shall include any building area not specifically excluded by this section as floor area excluded from computing the FAR of a building or buildings. The floor area of a building that is excluded from the determination of a building's floor area ratio in this District shall include the following:

   a. Unenclosed private balconies.
   b. Off-street parking garages.
   c. Lobbies and corridors on the ground floor of the building.
   d. Corridors located above the ground floor that are at least fifty (50%) percent open and unenclosed.
   e. Open stairwells.

8. Height. The maximum permitted height is as follows:

   a. Pursuant to the Comprehensive Plan Map designation and/or Site Specific Zoning regulations.
   b. MFSA properties shall have a height limitation of thirty five (35) feet within fifty (50) feet of an adjacent, abutting or contiguous (including streets, waterways, or alleys) SFR and/or MF1 property, as measured from the MFSA property line. MFSA properties shall have a height limitation of three (3) floors or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less, on the remaining portions adjacent, abutting or contiguous (including streets, waterways, or alleys) to an SFR and/or MF1 property.
   c. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to MF1 Districts or land designated as public buildings and grounds. Forty-five (45) feet.
      i. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family low-density land use designations: forty-five (45) feet.
ii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to other parcels designated residential use - multi-family medium density land use designations: forty-five (45) feet.

iii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family high density or commercial use high-rise intensity land use designations: sixty (60) feet.


i. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family low-density land use designations: sixty (60) feet.

ii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family medium-density land use designations: sixty (60) feet or seventy (70) feet if a parcel of land has an area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet or more.

iii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family high-density or commercial use high-rise intensity land use designations: sixty (60) feet or one-hundred (100) feet if a parcel of land has an area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet or more.


i. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family low-density land use designations: sixty (60) feet or seventy (70) feet if a parcel of land has an area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet or more.

ii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to parcels designated residential use - multi-family medium-density land use designations:
   i. Sixty (60) feet if a parcel of land is less than ten-thousand (10,000) square feet, or seventy (70) feet if a parcel of land has an area of ten-thousand (10,000) square feet or greater but less than twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet; or,
   ii. One hundred (100) feet if a parcel of land has an area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet or more.

iii. Parcels of land which are contiguous or adjacent to other parcels designated residential use - multi-family high-density or commercial use high-rise intensity land use designations: sixty (60) feet or one-hundred-fifty (150) feet if a parcel of land has an area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet or more.

g. Parcels of land abutting existing buildings with non-conforming heights. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Subsection 8, a parcel of land which is proposed for development which abuts parcels of land on three (3) sides improved with existing buildings with heights exceeding the maximum permitted height shall have a maximum permitted height of the lowest height of the three (3) buildings on the parcels abutting the parcel proposed for development.
h. Height summary. The following matrix summarizes the provisions of Subsection 8, a-f:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parcel size</th>
<th>SFR</th>
<th>MF L</th>
<th>MF M</th>
<th>MF H</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MF L</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>60'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF M &lt;20 K</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>60'</td>
<td>60'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF M &gt;20 K</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>60'</td>
<td>70'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF H &lt;10 K</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>60'</td>
<td>60'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF H 10K – 20K</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>60'</td>
<td>70'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF H &gt;20 K</td>
<td>35'</td>
<td>45'</td>
<td>70'</td>
<td>100'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“SFR” means any of the SFR District in the Zoning Code.
“MF1” means any of the MF1 District in the Zoning Code.
“MF L” means the residential multi-family low density category in the Comprehensive Plan.
“MF M” means the residential multi-family medium density category in the Comprehensive Plan.
“MF H” means the residential multi-family high density category in the Comprehensive Plan.

i. The maximum permitted height is measured from established grade to the flat roof deck and when there is no flat roof deck the height shall be to the tie-beam on the top floor of the building. Mechanical equipment areas and decorative roof structures may extend beyond the permitted height a total of ten (10) feet. When more than one (1) of the following conditions occurs for a specific property, the more restrictive condition shall apply.


a. Streetscape required. The developer of all new residential buildings shall be responsible for the improvement of the area between the front set back and edge of pavement as an urban or suburban streetscape. If the parcel of land proposed for development is adjacent to parcels of land designated multi-family high density or multi-family medium density, then an urban streetscape shall be required. If the parcel of land proposed for development is designated multi-family low density and is adjacent to parcels of land designated multi-family low density, then a suburban Streetscape shall be required. Any improvements constructed within the public right-of-way shall be dedicated to and maintained by the City.

b. Minimum width of required streetscape. An urban streetscape shall have a minimum width of twenty-nine (29) feet. A suburban streetscape shall have a minimum width of fifteen (15) feet.

c. Required urban streetscape elements. The required urban streetscape shall be comprised of four (4) zones:
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

i. On-street parking zone.
ii. A parkway zone of at least four (4) feet in width.
iii. A pedestrian zone of at least eight (8) feet in width except that the zone width may be reduced to six (6) feet where the existing sidewalks adjacent to the parcel proposed for development are five (5) feet or less.
iv. An urban open space zone located between the building and the pedestrian zone, except that no urban open space zone shall be required for townhouses.

d. Required suburban streetscape elements. The required suburban streetscape shall be comprised of two (2) zones:

i. A parkway zone of at least four (4) feet in width.
ii. A pedestrian zone of at least six (6) feet in width.
iii. If the placement of streetscape elements results in removal of existing on-street parking, the Directors of Public Service and Public Works may reduce the required elements to provide for the preservation of the existing on-street parking.

e. On-street parking requirements. Parallel parking spaces shall be provided within the public right-of-way with dimensions of nine (9) feet by twenty (20) feet. Parallel parking spaces shall be separated with "landscape bulb outs" or pedestrian crosswalks so that no more than six (6) spaces shall be contiguous to one another. If the placement of the spaces results in removal of existing on-street over story trees, the Directors of Public Service and Public Works may reduce the on-street parking requirement to provide for the preservation of the existing over story trees.

f. Parkway zone requirements.

i. At least twenty-five (25%) percent of the parkway zone shall be landscaped with groundcover, flower planters or tree grates.
ii. Street trees shall be located in the parkway zone on thirty (30) foot centers.
iii. Portions of the parkway zone which are not landscaped shall be improved with pavers.
iv. Planters shall not be located in those portions of the parkway zone which are contiguous to parking spaces in an on-street parking zone.
v. Pavers shall be Coral Gables beige with neutral borders and internal patterns.
vi. The pedestrian zone shall be free of obstacles such as street furniture and landscaping.

g. Urban open space zone.

i. The urban open space zone shall be improved with:
   (a) Landscape, hardscape or a mix of landscape and hardscape material.
   (b) Water features, fountains, planters, street lighting and street furniture.
   (c) Entrance features including steps may be located within the zone.
ii. If the urban open space zone is located on private property, the zone may be enclosed with ornamental fencing not to exceed five (5) feet in height. No more than thirty five (35%) percent of the fencing shall be solid and the fencing shall have gates to allow residents to access the pedestrian zone of the required streetscape.
iii. Include one (1) tree of at least fourteen (14) feet in overall height per one hundred twenty-five (125) square feet of required open space area.

h. Building facades. Building facades abutting the required streetscape shall be animated by windows, shutters, planters, columns, relief elements, and other architectural details to give character to the street. All windows shall be recessed at least four (4) inches.

i. Parking garages.
i. No portion of a building which is above grade and within twenty (20) feet of the front setback line shall be used for the storage of vehicles or off-street parking unless the façade is treated with a decorative wall or fence of four and one-half (4½) feet in height along the portion of the building used for off-street parking, with landscaping and urban open space which screens the building to a height of at least seven (7) feet at time of planting.

ii. In the event that structured parking is to be constructed above grade, the facades of the garage shall be designed and improved so that the use of the building as a garage is not readily apparent.

iii. Parking garages shall reflect the architectural character and exterior finishes of the building which is to be served by the garage.

j. Refuse and waste disposal facilities. Refuse and waste disposal facilities shall be enclosed within a building or structure which reflects the architectural character and exterior finishes of the building which is to be served by the facilities. An enclosure used exclusively for refuse and waste facilities may be located in a required front setback area.

k. Architectural standards. See Article 5, Division 6.

l. All development shall comply with Article 5, Division 6 for residential uses which are set out in Table 1 of Division 6 and five (5) of ten (10) of the standards in Table 2 of Division 6; however, the bonus intensity and heights shall not apply.

Division 2. Overlay and Special Purpose Districts

Section 4-201. Mixed Use District (MXD).

A. Purpose. The purpose of this District is to:

1. Provide the method by which tracts of land may be developed as a planned unified project rather than on a lot-by-lot basis as provided for in the City’s other regulations.

2. Provide for residential uses at higher densities in exchange for public realm improvements.

3. Provide maximum design freedom by permitting property owners an opportunity to more fully utilize the physical characteristics of the site through modified development regulations and the planned mixing of uses.

4. Require that property within the District will be developed through a unified design providing continuity among the various elements causing a better environment.

5. Create a diversity of uses within walking distance, including but not limited to: residential, offices, workplaces, neighborhood commercial, and public open spaces including the following attributes:

   a. Provide a variety of uses in the area which can be traversed in a ten (10) minute walk which
is an area roughly inscribed by a one thousand three hundred and twenty (1,320) foot (1/4 mile) radius from the center.

b. Bring within walking distance most of the activities of daily living, residents of all ages may gain independence of movement, thereby reducing the number and length of vehicular trips.

c. Designed and organized to promote an assortment of street level pedestrian amenities in exchange for increase in building height, residential density, and floor area ratio.

d. Provide for the ability to reduce setbacks and encroachment into the public rights-of-way with public open space improvements.

e. Designed to provide for architectural and design elements focused to a pedestrian scale.

f. Strengthen the hierarchy of streets and maintain the existing “grid” network that is designed to serve the needs of pedestrians, bicyclists and vehicular circulation equitably.

g. Encourage landmark opportunities, including physically defined squares, plazas, urban passageways, parks, public open spaces, and places of public assembly for social, cultural and religious activities to provide places for social activity.

h. Encourage private and public buildings to form a clear edge, spatially delineating the public street space and block interiors.

6. By organizing appropriate building densities, public transit will be further strengthened as an alternative to the use of private vehicles.

7. Provide a strong emphasis on aesthetics and architectural design through the use of the regulations and the planned mixing of uses to establish identity, diversity and focus to promote a pedestrian friendly environment. This can be accomplished by the following:

a. Utilization of a variety of architectural attributes and street level amenities to create a sense of place, including the spatial relationship of buildings and the characteristics created to ensure attractive and functional areas.

b. Increase the choices available for transportation to encourage increased mobility and reduction in transportation expenses. Choices shall include public transit, bicycle and pedestrian circulation opportunities.

c. Integration of street level plazas, courtyards, open space and public gathering areas including the creation and preservation of corridors, vistas and landmark features.

d. Provide for an increased range of housing types and workplace opportunities, where age and economic class are integrated and the bonds of community are formed.

e. Applicability.

i. An MXD may constitute an individual mixed use building(s) or can be assigned as an overlay zoning designation in the Commercial (C) and Industrial (I) Districts and are in addition to the underlying zoning designation and other applicable City regulations. Please see Table 1 below for applicability of provisions for individual mixed use buildings and overlay districts.

ii. MXD as an individual mixed use building(s) shall be subject to the following regulations:

(a) Multi-family residential and residential accessory uses are permitted uses as a part of a site plan approval.

(b) The site plan requires conditional use review and approval.

(c) All underlying zoning district regulations are applicable for the subject property unless
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superseded by the relevant regulations in Table 1.

iii. The site specific standards of this Code shall not apply to properties seeking assignment of an MXD overlay. Approval of an MXD overlay shall deem underlying site specific regulations as void.

B. Permitted uses for overlay districts only. The following uses are permitted in the Mixed Use District overlay districts in addition to the permitted and conditional uses of the underlying zoning district, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Alcoholic beverage sales.


4. Ground floor uses.
   a. Government uses.
   b. Live work units.
   c. Multi-family dwellings.
   d. Museums.
   e. Offices.
   f. Overnight accommodations.
   g. Restaurants.
   h. Retail sales and services.
   i. Theaters.
   j. Sales and/or leasing offices as a part of a residential development for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months from the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy. The City Manager may grant a maximum of two (2) extensions for a period of six (6) months each with a cumulative total not to exceed twelve (12) months.


7. Swimming pool as an accessory use.

8. Uses permitted in the underlying district as a permitted use and conditional use subject to the permitted ground floor uses as listed above.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the Mixed Use District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Assisted living facilities.

2. Camps.
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3. Community center.
5. Day care.
6. Medical clinic.
7. Mixed use building(s).
8. Nighttime uses.
10. Research and technology use only within an I district.
11. Restaurants, fast food.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Individual building(s)</th>
<th>Overlay District</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Performance standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Minimum site area for an MXD District.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Minimum site area for an MXD project/building.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Minimum site area for an MXD project/building within a Mixed-Use Overlay District as defined on the Official Zoning Map.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>North and South Industrial MXD: Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height: a minimum site area of ten-thousand (10,000) square feet and one-hundred (100) linear feet of street frontage shall provide off-street parking as required per Code. Less than forty-five (45) feet in height: a minimum site area of two-thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet but no more than eleven thousand (11,000) square feet are exempt from parking requirements. North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height shall provide a minimum of one hundred and fifty (150) feet of frontage on Ponce de Leon Boulevard and a minimum site area of twenty thousand (20,000) square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Lot coverage. No minimum or maximum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Mixed use percentages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Provide a minimum of eight (8%) percent of the total square footage of the building square footage (not including parking garage square footage) or the entire ground floor, whichever is greater, of permitted ground floor uses. Remaining portions of the building may be uses permitted in the underlying zoning designations as modified by these regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Coral Gables Mediterranean Architecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Section 5-605 of the Zoning Code is mandatory for MXD Overlay Districts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Article 4 - Zoning Districts

#### E. Building regulations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Individual building(s)</th>
<th>Overlay District</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Encroachments of bridges over rights-of-way. Bridges traversing a public right-of-way are permitted, however, only if properties on both sides are under same ownership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Encroachments for balconies, awnings, etc. Subject to applicable regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floors. No minimum or maximum required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Floor-to-floor height. The minimum floor-to-floor height shall be permitted as regulated per the Building Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Height. North and South Industrial MXD: The maximum allowable building height(s), subject to satisfying Article 3, Division 4, Conditional Uses, for habitable space for the following underlying zoning designations and uses may be granted as follows:  • Commercial Limited District: Up to and including seventy-five (75) feet.  • Commercial District: Up to and including one-hundred (100) feet.  • Industrial District: Up to and including one-hundred (100) feet.  • Manufacturing uses: Up to and including forty-five (45) feet. North Industrial MXD: which have an underlying zoning designation of Industrial, the City Commission may approve up to an additional twenty (20) feet of habitable building height upon finding that the proposed building complies with the following criteria:  • The building has no more than ten (10) stories.  • The additional building height is for the purpose of providing increased floor to ceiling height in residential units.  • The additional building height enhances the building’s aesthetics and the aesthetics of the surrounding area.  • The additional building height does not result in increased density or floor area. North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: The maximum allowable building height(s), subject to satisfying Article 3, Division 4, Conditional Uses, for habitable space for the following underlying zoning designations and uses may be granted as follows:  • Commercial District: As per the underlying Future Land Use Map designation.  • Multi-Family 2 District: Up to and including seventy (70) feet, no additional height permitted with architectural incentives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Heights of architectural The maximum allowable height(s), subject to satisfying Article 3, Division 4, Conditional Uses, of architectural elements, spires, bell towers, elevator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Overlay District</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>housings or similar non-habitable structures for the following underlying zoning designations and uses may be granted as follows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Commercial Limited District: Up to and including fifteen (15) feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Industrial and Commercial Districts: Up to and including twenty-five (25) feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Manufacturing uses: Up to and including ten (10) feet.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For properties which have an underlying zoning designation of Industrial and obtain approval from the City Commission for additional habitable space height pursuant to Section 4-201(E)(6), the City Commission may approve architectural elements not to exceed a height of 190’6” from established grade, upon finding that the proposed architectural element enhances the building’s aesthetics and the aesthetics of the surrounding area.

8. ✓ Height adjoining residential uses. Properties which are adjacent to single-family and duplex residential district designations shall be limited to a maximum height (habitable space) of forty-five (45) feet within one hundred (100) feet of the adjacent right-of-way line. Ten (10) additional feet are permitted for roof top architectural elements, etc. above the habitable height.

For properties that obtain approval from the City Commission for additional habitable space height pursuant to Section 4-201(E)(6), the City Commission may approve rooftop architectural elements not to exceed twenty-five (25) feet beyond habitable height for that portion of the property which is adjacent to residential district designations, upon finding that the proposed rooftop architectural element enhances the building’s aesthetics and the aesthetics of the surrounding area, and that such increased height will not have a negative impact on adjacent residential uses.

9. ✓ ✓ Number of buildings per site. No minimum or maximum required.

10. ✓ ✓ Ground floor building frontage on primary streets. Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD: Minimum of fifty (50%) percent of the linear ground floor building frontage shall include retail sales and service, office, or restaurant or public realm land area (i.e. plazas, courtyards, open space, etc.) uses. Primary street means a major street of considerable continuity which serves or is intended to serve as a major traffic artery connecting large areas of the community (City).

North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: Required Frontage onto Ponce de Leon Boulevard:
- A minimum of ninety (90%) percent of the linear ground floor of each building facing onto Ponce de Leon Boulevard shall be a shopfront.
- The uses behind shopfronts shall be those uses allowed in the underlying Commercial District as per Section 4-302.
- A minimum of sixty (60%) percent, and a maximum of ninety (90%) percent of the shopfront shall be transparent.
- Ground-level interior spaces that have a Certificate of Occupancy for Commercial Use shall be fully transparent with a minimum of eighty-eight (88%) percent light transmission to allow maximum visibility into the interior of the ground-level space from the public right of way and pedestrian areas.
- Tinting, reflective glass, curtains, blinds, paper, or other materials that obstruct visibility into the interior of the ground level space shall not be
### Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Individual building(s)</th>
<th>Overlay District</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Permitted except as required by the Building Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>✓ ✓ Ground floor building frontage on secondary streets.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Shopfronts shall have operable doors along their front facades spaced at a minimum average of sixty (60) feet on center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A shopfront may occur at the street-facing edge of the building or it may be set back under or inside an arcade, courtyard, or overhang. If set back, the shopfront windows and doors shall remain publicly accessible and visible from the sidewalk edge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>The shopfront windowsill height above the sidewalk elevation shall be a maximum of two (2) feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>✓ ✓ Retail frontage on alleys.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Shopfronts may be fixed or operable windows or doors. An operable transparent shopfront may have movable glass doors, such as a bi-fold, horizontal sliding, lift and slide, or swing door to allow maximum openness and circulation during operating hours, but which are closed and secured when the business is closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>✓ ✓ Residential density.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD: Minimum of forty (40%) percent of the linear ground floor building frontage shall include retail sales and service, office, or restaurant or public realm land area (i.e. plazas, courtyards, open space, etc.) uses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>✓ ✓ Setbacks (buildings).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: Commercial Zoning: A minimum of twenty (20%) percent of the linear ground floor of each building facing onto a secondary street shall be a shopfront. Multi-Family 2 Zoning: A minimum of eighty (80%) percent of the linear ground floor of each building facing onto a secondary street shall be residential uses. A ten (10) foot landscaped setback shall be provided, with open lawn or low ground cover. Fences, walls and hedges may not be located within the landscaped setback area. Shade trees shall be planted a minimum of every fifty (50) feet. Operable pedestrian entrances shall be provided with direct access from the sidewalk a minimum of every fifty (50) feet. A stoop with an optional cantilevered roof, canopy or awning may encroach into the landscaped setback a maximum of three (3) feet, as part of an operable pedestrian entrance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD: Up to a maximum of one hundred and twenty-five (125) units per acre except for properties in the Central Business District (CBD) and the North and South Industrial Mixed Use Districts. There shall be no density limitations in the CBD and the North and South Industrial Mixed Use Districts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Residential density.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Setbacks (buildings).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Under no circumstances may these setbacks be less than ten (10) feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rear: Abutting a dedicated alley or street: Ten (10) feet.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 19        | ✓ ✓ |                  |      | Balconies: Cantilevered open balconies may project into the required setback.
Table 1.

<table>
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<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>Setback reductions and vertical building stepbacks.</td>
<td>Reduction in setbacks. Setbacks may be reduced subject to the following standards:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum percentage of open space. A minimum of fifty (50%) percent of the total ground floor square footage received from the setback reduction is provided as publicly accessible street level open space and landscape area on the private property. The open space is subject to the following:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Types of open space. Types of open space shall be in the form of courtyards, plazas, arcades/loggias, pedestrian pass-throughs and open atriums adjacent/contiguous to the adjacent rights-of-way.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Minimum area. Minimum square footage of allowable open space (i.e., plazas) shall be five hundred (500) square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Include both hard and softscape landscape improvements and pedestrian amenities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>• Vertical volume. As a minimum include a vertical volume of space equal from street level to the first floor height or a minimum of thirteen (13) feet. Additional height may be recommended.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Restaurant seating. This area may be used for outdoor restaurant seating subject to approval as provided for in these regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vertical building stepbacks. A vertical building stepback of a minimum of ten (10) feet shall be provided at a maximum height of forty-five (45) feet on all façades. Additional vertical building stepbacks may be required by the City Architect and the entire Board of Architects to further reduce the potential impacts of the building bulk and mass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>Setbacks adjoining</td>
<td>Residential districts. All property lines abutting a residential land use or district shall be a minimum of fifteen (15) feet. No reductions in setbacks may be</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

Table 1.

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>residential uses.</td>
<td>requested or granted.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Street/lot frontage.</td>
<td>No minimum or maximum.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F. Design regulations.

1. ✓ ✓ Arcades and/or loggias. Arcades, loggias or covered areas may accommodate up to eighty (80%) percent of the entire linear length of the building based upon the site plan review criteria listed herein. Encroachment of the entire length or one hundred (100%) percent may be requested subject to review and approval at the time of site plan consideration. Limitations of encroachments on corners of buildings may be required to control view corridors and ground floor building bulk and massing.

2. ✓ ✓ Architectural relief and elements. Architectural relief and elements (i.e., windows, cornice lines, etc.) shall be provided on all sides of buildings and include similar architectural features as to those provided on the front façade. No blank walls shall be permitted unless required pursuant to applicable Fire and Life Safety Code requirements.

3. ✓ ✓ Building support services. All mechanical, electrical and other associated support service areas shall be located entirely within the structure.

4. ✓ ✓ Facades. Facades in excess of one hundred and fifty (150) feet in length, shall incorporate design features with the use of, but not limited to the following items:
   (a) Breaks, setbacks or variations in bulk/massing at an average of one hundred (100) foot intervals.
   (b) Use of architectural relief and elements.

5. ✓ ✓ LEED certification. All buildings are required to meet the standards of Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) criteria specified by the U.S. Green Building Council, or similar rating agency. Examples may include the following LEED certification rating systems:
   • Building Design and Construction (BD+C).
   • Neighborhood Development (ND).

6. ✓ ✓ Lighting (street). Decorative street lighting shall be provided and located on all streets/rights-of-way subject to the following:
   • Light fixtures/poles up to thirty-five (35) feet in height.
   • Subject to all other applicable City code provisions.

7. ✓ ✓ Lighting (building). External illumination and lighting of buildings shall require Planning Department and Planning and Zoning Board review and recommendation with approval of the City Commission.

8. ✓ ✓ Lighting (landscaping). Lighting in the form of uplighting of landscaping is encouraged.

9. ✓ ✓ Outdoor storage. The storage of materials, goods, merchandise, and equipment for the purpose of display and/or sales outside the confines of any buildings or structures is prohibited.

10. ✓ ✓ Overhead doors and parking garage entrances. Overhead doors and parking garage entrances shall not face or be directed towards residential properties and/or adjacent rights-of-way abutting residentially zoned properties.

11. ✓ ✓ Paver treatments. Paver treatments shall be included in the following locations:
   • Driveway entrances.
   • Crosswalks.
   • Sidewalks. Minimum of twenty-five (25%) percent of paving surface.

12. ✓ ✓ Parking Parking garages shall include exterior architectural treatments compatible with
### Table 1

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>garages.</td>
<td>buildings or structures which occupy the same development and/or street.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. ✔ ✔</td>
<td>Pedestrian access orientation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✔ ✔</td>
<td>All buildings, except accessory buildings, shall have their main pedestrian entrance or entrances oriented towards the front property line.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 14. ✔ ✔   | Pedestrian amenities. |                  | ✔ ✔ | Pedestrian amenities shall be provided on both private property and/or public open spaces including but not limited to the following:  
  - Benches.  
  - Information kiosks.  
  - Lighting.  
  - Bike racks.  
  - Refuse containers.  
  - Sidewalk pavement treatments.  
  - Statuary.  
  - Street crosswalk paver treatments.  
  - Wall mounted fountains.  
  - Water fountains and other similar water features.  
All pedestrian amenities shall be permanently secured to the ground surface. Above amenities shall be consistent in design and form with the applicable City Public Realm Design Manual. |
| 15. ✔ ✔   | Pedestrian design features for building frontages (street level only). |                  | ✔ ✔ | On any front property line or primary street, where an adjoining pedestrian sidewalk is located, the following design features shall be included:  
  - Display windows or retail display area;  
  - Landscaping; and/or,  
  - Architectural building design features.  
The intent is to create pedestrian and shopper interest, preclude inappropriate or inharmonious design, preclude blank walls of building faces, and prohibit windows from being permanently obstructed. |
| 16. ✔ ✔   | Pedestrian pass-throughs/ paseo and Landscaped Pedestrian Vias. |                  | ✔ ✔ | Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD:  
Pedestrian pass-throughs shall be provided for each two hundred and fifty (250) linear feet or fraction thereof of building frontage provided on the primary street. The pass through shall be subject to the following:  
  - Minimum of ten (10) feet in width.  
  - Include pedestrian amenities as defined herein.  
In lieu of providing one (1) pass through of ten (10) feet every two hundred and fifty (250) feet of building frontage, two (2) pass-throughs can be combined to provide one (1), twenty (20) foot wide pass-through.  
North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: A Landscaped Pedestrian Via shall be provided along the rear of the property and shall provide a direct linear connection through the block. The Landscaped Pedestrian Via shall have a minimum width of twenty (20) feet and shall be open to the sky. Residential balconies and stoops may encroach into the Landscaped Pedestrian Via a maximum of six (6) feet. A linear paved pedestrian path of five (5) to ten (10) feet in width shall be provided with landscaping on both sides. The paseo will be activated through the site plan review process in order to maximize pedestrian activity and landscaping and promote compatibility with neighboring properties. |
| 17. ✔ ✔   | Porte-cocheses. |                  | ✔ ✔ | Porte-cocheses are prohibited on front property line or primary street. |
### Article 4 - Zoning Districts

#### Table 1.

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Rooftop screening.</td>
<td>All mechanical, electrical, cellular antennas and other similar rooftop building support services shall be entirely screened from public view subject to the discretion and approval from the Board of Architects for design and screening material. Landscaping may be used as a screening material at the discretion of the Board of Architects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Design regulations.</td>
<td>The Board of Architects may approve minor adjustments for aesthetic purposes to required Mixed Use District design regulations in order to enhance building design.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### G. Landscaping.

1. ✓ ✓ Landscape open space. | Landscape open space requirements are satisfied pursuant to the rights-of-way planting requirements listed in Article 5, Division 11. |

#### H. Parking/vehicle storage.

1. ✓ ✓ Bicycle storage. | To encourage the use of bicycles, etc., a minimum of one (1) bicycle parking space per unit shall be provided. The location shall be convenient to users and shall be subject to review as a part of the site plan review. |
2. ✓ ✓ Boats, trailers, etc. | Boats and recreational vehicles, or similar accessory vehicles. These vehicles shall be parked and/or stored within an enclosed garage, area or structure. |
3. ✓ ✓ Curbing. | Raised curbing. Six (6) inch raised curbing shall be provided on all streets abutting this use. Curb cuts and ramps for handicapped access shall also be provided at all street intersections and points of pedestrian crossing. |
4. ✓ ✓ Loading/unloading areas. | Off-street loading standards and requirements shall conform to the requirements as set forth in Article 5, Division 14. All loading/unloading areas and/or facilities shall be within fully enclosed areas with overhead doors. Overhead doors shall remain closed when not in use and after hours. |

North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD: In addition to the regulations above, loading areas shall be located on Commercial Zoned property. Curb cuts and Loading on Ponce de Leon Boulevard and East Ponce de Leon Boulevard shall be prohibited. |

5. ✓ ✓ Ground floor uses. | Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height, off-street parking requirements for ground floor commercial uses (i.e. offices, restaurants, retail, or similar uses) shall be calculated at a rate of one (1) space per three-hundred (300) square feet of floor area. Requests for change of use shall be reviewed and approved by the Development Review Official for compatibility with surrounding uses and whether there is a negative impact on the public parking system, including on-street parking. |

Less than forty-five (45) feet in height in the North and South Industrial District, shall be exempt from parking requirements. |

6. ✓ ✓ Shared Parking. | Shared parking may be considered for mixed-use developments on a case-by-case basis pursuant to the provisions of Zoning Code Section 5-1410. |
7. ✓ ✓ On-street parking. | On-street parking must be provided on both sides of the street on all primary streets, unless encroachments for arcades/loggias are requested. Evaluation as to the amount of on-street parking provided shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. |
### Table 1.

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8. ✓ ✓ Parking garages.</td>
<td>Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD:</td>
<td>Ground floor parking that is located and fronting on a primary street is prohibited. Ground floor parking is permitted on secondary streets and shall be fully enclosed within the structure and shall be surrounded by retail uses. Ground floor parking is permitted on alley frontages.</td>
<td>North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD:</td>
<td>Ground floor parking shall be setback from Ponce de Leon Boulevard a minimum of sixty (60) feet. Ground floor parking shall be setback from secondary or side streets a minimum of twenty (20) feet. Ground floor parking shall be setback from Neighborhood Conservation Districts and Residential Infill Districts a minimum of forty (40) feet. Parking on the 2nd Floor and above shall be setback from Ponce de Leon Boulevard a minimum of twenty (20) feet. Parking on the 2nd Floor and above shall be setback from Neighborhood Conservation Districts and Residential Infill Districts a minimum of forty (40) feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. ✓ ✓ Parking space limitations.</td>
<td>Restricting and/or assignment of off-street parking spaces for individual tenant or users with the use of signage, pavement markings, etc., are permitted.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. ✓ ✓ Residential uses.</td>
<td>Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height, off-street parking requirements shall conform to the requirements as set forth in Article 5, Division 14.</td>
<td>Less than forty-five (45) feet in height in the North and South Industrial District, shall be exempt from parking requirements.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. ✓ ✓ Surface parking areas.</td>
<td>Surface parking lots and/or similar vehicle use areas are prohibited to front on primary streets.</td>
<td>North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD:</td>
<td>The parking setbacks provided in H.8. of this table shall apply to surface parking areas.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. ✓ ✓ Valet parking areas.</td>
<td>If valet parking is desired, the valet parking drop-off areas shall be provided on private property. Tandem and/or stacking of parking are prohibited.</td>
<td>North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD:</td>
<td>Valet drop-off areas shall be provided on Commercial zoned property on side or secondary streets.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. Sanitation and service areas.
### ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

**Table 1.**

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ General.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In accordance with Article 5, Division 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. Signs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In accordance with Article 5, Division 19.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K. Streets and alleys.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ Streets and alleys.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Property owner(s) may request the vacation and/or abandonment of a public right-of-way subject to the criteria and procedure in Article 3, Division 12.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2.        | ✓ ✓ Driveways.          |                 |      | Individual Buildings and the North and South Industrial MXD:  
|           |                         |                 |      | • Vehicular access to parking garages shall be from a side street or alley. Vehicular egress/ingress, including but not limited to driveways, service drives, drive-throughs, etc., may be permitted from a primary street and shall be evaluated as part of site plan review based upon the project design in relation to existing surrounding circulation. Valet access points are exempt from these provisions.  
|           |                         |                 |      | • Vehicular entrances for drive-through facilities, garage entrances, service bays and loading/unloading facilities should be consolidated into one (1) curb cut to reduce the amount of vehicular penetration into pedestrian sidewalks and adjoining rights-of-way.  
|           |                         |                 |      | North Ponce de Leon Boulevard MXD:  
|           |                         |                 |      | • Driveways, curbcuts, and vehicular use areas are prohibited on Ponce de Leon Boulevard and East Ponce de Leon Boulevard. Driveways, curbcuts, and vehicular use areas shall be provided on Commercial zoned property fronting a side or secondary street, and should be consolidated into one (1) curb cut.  
| 3.        | ✓ ✓ Sidewalks.          |                 |      | Pedestrian pathways and/or sidewalks shall connect to one another to form a continuous pedestrian network from parking garage entrances, parking areas, primary and secondary pedestrian entrances, etc. Wherever possible pathways shall be separated from vehicular traffic.  
|           |                         |                 |      | Sidewalks shall be located on both sides of all streets with a minimum of four (4) foot unobstructed clear area. The clear area shall be unobstructed by utility poles, fire hydrants, benches, trash receptacles, newspaper stands, light poles, planter boxes, telephone booths or other similar temporary or permanent structures (traffic signage shall be exempt from the above regulations).  
|           |                         |                 |      | Sidewalks at points of street intersections or pedestrian crossing shall be sloped in such a manner as to accommodate handicapped access with the use of two (2) curb cuts and/or ramps at each street intersection. |
| L. Utilities. | ✓ ✓ Underground utilities. |                 |      | All utilities shall be installed underground in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 22. |
| 2.        | ✓ ✓ Above ground utilities. |                 |      | Above ground, façade, roof, mechanical and electrical facilities shall be appropriately screened to entirely hide the facility in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Divisions 11 and 18. Screening materials may include landscaping, walls, fencing, etc., to achieve one hundred (100%) percent opacity. Approval of type of screening shall be determined at time of site plan review. |

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* Article 4 – Zoning Districts  
* 4-34
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>M. Miscellaneous.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>- The parcel proposed for development shall be a contiguous unified parcel with sufficient width and depth to accommodate the proposed uses. Public rights-of-way or other public lands shall not be considered as a separation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>- The City may, as a condition of approval, require that suitable areas for easements be set aside, dedicated and/or improved for the installation of public utilities and purposes which include, but shall not be limited to water, gas, telephone, electric power, sewer, drainage, public access, ingress, egress, open space, recreation and other public purposes which may be deemed necessary by the City Commission.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 3.        | ✓                      | ✓                |      | - Any encroachments, construction and penetration into the rights-of-way shall be subject to the following:  
  - The property owners shall be responsible for all maintenance of all encroachments and/or property of all surrounding public rights-of-way, including but not limited to the following: landscaping (hard and softscape); benches; trash receptacles; irrigation; kiosks; plazas; open spaces; recreational facilities; private streets, etc. subject to all the provisions for which the development was approved as may be amended.
  - The property owners shall be responsible for liability insurance, local taxes, and the maintenance of the encroachment and/or property. |
| 4.        | ✓                      | ✓                |      | - Live work units shall satisfy all applicable building code and fire and life safety code requirements at time of completion.
  - Each live work unit, including the garage (if applicable), shall be separated by walls from other live work units or other uses in the building, and shall have the ability to construct separate entrances to each use in the future.
  - The nonresidential space of a live work unit may be expanded to include the nonresidential space of an abutting live work unit if the applicant meets all applicable building codes.
  - Changes in use to allow for nonresidential uses shall be required to pay impact and water fees, meet the applicable building codes, and the parking requirements.
  - Operation of live work unit.
    - Prior to the issuance of an Occupational License for a nonresidential use, the applicant shall apply for a change in use permit if the unit was previously designated as a live work unit as part of a development approval.
    - Deliveries for nonresidential uses in the live work unit shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM.
    - Live work units shall not be used for storage of flammable liquids, or toxic hazardous materials which means any and all materials, substances, waste or chemicals classified under applicable governmental laws, rules or regulations as hazardous or toxic substances, materials, waste or chemicals. |
| 5.        | ✓                      |                  |      | - Public realm improvements.  Responsibility. All property owner(s) that desire to develop pursuant to these regulations shall be required to fund, install, and maintain all public realm improvements required herein on private property as well as those required from the property boundary to the centerline of all contiguous public rights-of-way. A property owner may also provide public realm improvements up to the property line on the far side of rights-of-way abutting his/her property. These improvements as identified in the "Master Streetscape Plan" and "Underground
**ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS**

### Table 1.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Individual building(s)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Overlay District</strong></td>
<td><strong>Facilities Master Plan</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any other abutting property owner who subsequently develops property abutting an improved public realm area pursuant to these provisions shall reimburse the property owner who funded the improvements the pro rata share attributable to his property based on street or alley frontage along with the amount of interest permitted by this provision. Per annum simple interest as established and authorized by Section 687.01, Florida Statutes will accrue from the date of full payment for all improvements.

Property owners who develop property abutting already improved public realm areas shall restore the public realm areas to their condition prior to the commencement of construction. The costs of such restoration shall not affect the total amount of reimbursement which another abutting property owner may be entitled to under this section.

Administration of improvements. Prior to issuance of a building permit for construction, the property owner(s) shall provide surety equating to one hundred (100%) percent of the costs for completion of all improvements. The monies shall be deposited into a “Mixed Use District Public Realm Improvements Fund” (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”) and disbursed by the City according to this section. The pro rata share of each property owner’s contribution to the fund shall be based on its street frontage measured in linear feet or other means of equitable distribution. Per annum simple interest as established and authorized by Section 687.01, Florida Statutes will accrue from the date of full payment for all improvements. The City shall also collect an administrative fee as authorized by Florida Statutes for the administration and implementation of the Fund. Invoices submitted by the developer to the City in connection with the public realm improvements shall be paid by the City from the Fund. The City’s Public Works Department shall monitor construction and disperse the monies from the Fund based upon completion of work and in compliance with the Master Streetscape Plan and Underground Facilities Master Plan.

Underground utility provisions. Underground utilities shall be installed pursuant to an Underground Facilities Master Plan which will be prepared by the Public Works Department in cooperation with the Planning Department. The necessary support facilities for the installation of all underground utility facilities, including but not limited to utility vaults and transformers shall be located on private property. Property owners will receive an FAR credit equivalent to the amount of space occupied by the necessary utility facility.

Easements. The property owners shall provide easements to all applicable utility companies for the installation and maintenance of underground utilities.

Alternative funding mechanism. A Special Taxing District or Special Assessment District may be created pursuant to Florida Statutes to fund the installation and maintenance of underground utilities and all public realm improvements.
Section 4-202. University Campus District (UCD).

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the University Campus District (UCD) is to provide for the establishment and continuing operation of the University of Miami as an institution of higher education within the City of Coral Gables. The City of Coral Gables recognizes that institutions of higher education constitute a unique mix of land uses, facilities and activities and the City desires to establish procedural and substantive regulations to govern future development undertaken by the University within the campus boundaries.

B. Campus sub-areas. The UCD is comprised of the Campus Buffer Area, Campus Transition Area, Campus Core Area and Campus Core Subareas (University Village and University Multi-Use Zone).

C. Campus master plan components. Subject to Article 3, Division 2, Sections 3-201 - 3-203, a Campus Master Plan application shall include the following information or documentation:

1. A site plan.

2. A development chart which identifies square footage of all existing and planned buildings and structures; the proposed timeline for construction of planned buildings and structures; and the campus wide ground area coverage and floor area ratio applicable on a cumulative basis for all structures.

3. Design Manual that includes minimum design guidelines, including sign and lighting design criteria and the design of parking structures which are adjacent to residential land uses outside of the UCD.

4. Mobility Plan (as defined in Subsection G (6)).

5. If an amendment to the adopted Campus Master Plan requires conditional use approval, the application shall be accompanied by either a traffic impact study or a justification for why a traffic study is not warranted.

6. Such other materials as determined by the designated Development Review Official that may be required to demonstrate compliance with requirements not just performance standards this Section.

D. Legal status of adopted Campus Master Plan.

1. Upon adoption of this Section, building permits shall be issued pursuant to Section 3-207 of the Zoning Code for those uses and buildings approved in the adopted Campus Master Plan.

2. In the event that the adopted Campus Master Plan specifies a development standard which conflicts with other provisions of this Zoning Code, the provisions of the adopted Campus Master Plan shall control.
3. Uses, buildings or structures which lawfully exist on the date of adoption of this Section shall be deemed approved uses in the University Campus District within those buildings or structures in which they exist as depicted in the adopted Campus Master Plan.

4. The adopted Campus Master Plan and any amendments thereto shall constitute an intermediate development order and non-traffic concurrency determinations for such development shall be made at the time of the issuance of a building permit. Mitigation for new net impacts not previously or otherwise mitigated takes place at the time of building permit issuance.

E. Modifications to the adopted Campus Master Plan.

1. Modifications approved as conditional uses. Except as expressly provided in subsection 4-202(E)(2), any modification to the adopted Campus Master Plan shall be reviewed and approved by the City of Coral Gables in accordance with the requirements for conditional uses in Article 3, Division 4 of the Zoning Code. In the event of a proposed amendment to the Campus Master Plan involving a building or use which is located or proposed to be located so that a portion of the building or use is in more than one Campus sub-area, and the building or use is a permitted use in one Campus sub-area and a conditional use in the other Campus sub-area, the amendment shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with the requirements for conditional uses.

2. Modifications approved by administrative action. The modifications set out in subsection 4-202(E)(2) to an adopted Campus Master Plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Development Review Official upon written request. The Development Review Official may submit the request to the Development Review Committee if the application involves the matters within the jurisdiction of the departments represented on the Development Review Committee, but shall not require review by the Board of Architects, the Planning and Zoning Board or the City Commission.

a. Campus Buffer Area. Any modification, relocation or reconfiguration of buildings or structures included in the adopted Campus Master Plan, provided that the modification, relocation or reconfiguration does not involve:
   i. The addition or modification of ingress/egress into the Campus; or
   ii. The addition of new surface parking spaces;

b. Campus Transition Area. Any modification, relocation or reconfiguration of any building or structure included in the adopted Campus Master Plan, or the introduction of a new building(s) or structure(s) - including (but not limited to) such changes to the master site plan, maps, textual provisions, and any other elements or provisions of the adopted Campus Master Plan - to accommodate such change - provided that the modification, relocation, addition or reconfiguration does not involve:
   i. An increase in total floor area provided for in the Campus Transition Area per the adopted Campus Master Plan;
   ii. An increase in the total number of buildings provided for in the Campus Transition Area per the adopted Campus Master Plan;
   iii. An increase in the height of any building or structure provided for in the Campus Transition Area per the adopted Campus Master Plan; and,
   iv. The establishment of a use which is required to be approved as a conditional use by Section 4-202 (F) which was not a part of the adopted Campus Master Plan.

c. Campus Core Area. Any modification, relocation or reconfiguration of any building or structure included in the adopted Campus Master Plan, or the introduction of a new building or structure including (but not limited to) such changes to the master site plan, maps,
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

parking or roadway plans, textual provisions, and any other elements or provisions of the adopted Campus Master Plan to accommodate such change; provided that the modification, relocation or reconfiguration complies with the requirements of Section 4-202(G) and provided that the change does not involve an increase in intensity of the adopted Campus Master Plan.

3. Action on requests for administrative approval. A complete application for administrative approval shall consist of the following materials:

   a. A description of the requested amendment.

   b. A description of the proposed use, height, setback, and total square footage of any structures or campus feature, such as, driveways, surface parking, drive ways and the like.

   c. A revised master plan reflecting the proposed changes.

   d. A revised development chart reflecting the proposed changes to the square footage of any structures.

   e. A description of how the proposed modification is consistent with the performance standards in Section 4-202(G).

Following the submission of the materials identified in subparagraphs 3(a)-(e) above, the Development Review Official shall have fifteen (15) days to determine whether or not the application is complete. Thereafter, requests for modifications to the adopted Campus Master Plan that may be approved by administrative action shall be acted upon by the Development Review Official within forty-five (45) days. An administrative determination approving a modification request shall include a determination as to whether a traffic impact statement or study is required prior to the issuance of building permit for the modified structure.

4. Findings. All modifications to an approved Campus Master Plan which require conditional use approval shall be approved after the following findings have been prepared by planning staff, recommended for approval by Planning and Zoning Board and approved by City Commission.

   a. That the proposed modification is consistent with the stated purpose and intent of the regulations in this Section and the City’s Comprehensive Plan;

   b. That the proposed modification’s departures from the regulations otherwise applicable to the subject property, if any, are in the public interest;

   c. That the proposed modification makes adequate provision for public services, adequate control over vehicular traffic, provide for and protect designated common open areas, and furthers the amenities of light and air, recreation and visual enjoyment; and,

   d. That the proposed modification is compatible with adjacent properties and the neighborhood.

5. Building permit process. Upon issuance of a development order modifying the adopted Campus Master Plan, an application for a building permit may be submitted in accordance with the approved development order and reviewed in accordance with Article 3, Divisions 2 and 3 of the Zoning Code. Such application shall be accompanied by a traffic impact analysis which demonstrates that the proposed development does not adversely affect the function of the City’s network of roads and streets or includes proposed mitigation of any such adverse impacts.

F. Permitted and conditional uses. The following are the uses permitted in an UCD District as permitted uses and conditional uses pursuant to the procedures in Article 3, Division 4 of the Zoning Code and subject to the standards in this section and applicable regulations in Article 5:
### Article 4 - Zoning Districts

#### Campus Sub-areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Uses*</th>
<th>Campus Buffer Area</th>
<th>Campus Transition Area</th>
<th>Campus Core</th>
<th>Campus Core Subareas</th>
<th>University Village</th>
<th>University Multi-Use Zone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active recreational and athletic facilities.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative uses, including but not limited to clerical, conference rooms and support spaces.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative, faculty and other noncommercial offices.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amateur radio antennas, satellite earth stations, microwave and other antennas, telecommunication facilities – permitted only where located on, or separated from the boundary of the Campus by, a habitable or occupied structure otherwise permitted and not exceeding 10’ above the permitted roof height.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arboreta.</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camps providing common recreational, cultural, or other group experiences.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classroom/lecture halls.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commencement and graduation ceremonies.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial activities which are University Campus Serving Uses.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concert halls and arenas.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dormitory/residential facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency phones, lightning warning and detection systems and other similar public safety infrastructure.</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment facilities principally oriented to serve the university needs.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhibit areas, including but not limited to open areas intended for the display of artworks and other similar static displays.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities principally designed to serve university needs such as, but not limited to: laundry, dry cleaning, barber and beauty shops, child care, health, banks, postal offices and bookstores.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

#### Campus Sub-areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Uses*</th>
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<th>Campus Core Subareas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>University Village</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and public sector uses in conjunction with agencies that have a relationship with the University.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greenhouses, screen enclosures, outdoor eating, food carts and stands, building loading areas, trellises, kiosks, and other traditional garden furniture and similar such structures and uses.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Museums and galleries.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overnight accommodations, conference centers, governmental/public sector uses, research, office, medical/healthcare uses for the benefit of the University and the public.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outdoor spaces usable for teaching, research and recreation.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking garages.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking lots.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passive recreation.</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private clubs/ fraternity/ sorority facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research/laboratory facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants, cafeterias, catering facilities and banquet facilities which are University Campus serving uses.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail uses which are not University Campus Serving Uses.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snack bars, coffee bars and similar facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social, educational, charitable, cultural and community activities and/or facilities.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telecommunication facilities exceeding ten (10) feet of the permitted height.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary uses and/or facilities, such as, but not limited to: tents, banners, temporary trailers, temporary bleachers, temporary parking spaces.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theaters.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

### Campus Sub-areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Campus Core Subareas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vending machines and automatic teller machines, when located outside of a building.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P   P</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**P - Permitted**  
**X - Not Permitted**  
**C - Conditional Use if not previously approved as a part of the adopted Campus Master Plan**  
*Accessory uses and structures. Uses and structures which are customarily accessory and clearly incidental to permitted uses and structures are permitted in the UCD subject to limitations and other lawful regulations pertaining thereto. Any use permissible as a principal use may be permitted as an accessory use, subject to limitations and requirements applying to the principal use.*

G. Performance Standards.

1. Heights and setbacks of buildings. All new proposed structures and buildings within the UCD District shall comply with the following height and setback requirements. In the event, more restrictive provisions have been approved or a part of the Campus Master Plan, the provisions of the Campus Master Plan shall control.

   a. UCD Frontage A.

      i. No structure other than landscape features and a masonry wall with a maximum height of four (4) feet shall be permitted within ten (10) feet from the front property line.

      ii. A masonry wall with a maximum height of six (6) feet shall be setback at least ten (10) feet from the front property line.

      iii. Surface parking space shall be setback at least ten (10) feet from the front property line, except that surface parking spaces shall be setback at least seventy-five (75) feet from Mataro Avenue.

      iv. No building shall be permitted within twenty five (25) feet of the front property line.

      v. The maximum permitted building height within one hundred (100) feet of the front property line is forty -five (45) feet.

      vi. The maximum permitted building height between one hundred (100) and nine hundred and forty (940) feet from the front property line shall increase above one hundred (100) feet by one (1) foot in height for every eight (8) feet of additional setback from the front property line.

      vi. The maximum permitted height shall be one hundred and fifty (150) feet or thirteen (13) stories.

     viii. For the area UCD Frontage A bounded by Mataro Avenue, Red Road, Corniche Avenue, and San Amaro Drive, maximum building heights shall be two (2) stories.

   b. UCD Frontage B.

      i. No structure other than landscape features and a masonry wall with a maximum height of four (4) feet shall be permitted within five (5) feet from the front property line.

      ii. A masonry wall with a maximum height of six (6) feet shall be setback at least five (5) feet from the front property line.

      iii. Surface parking spaces shall be setback at least five (5) feet from the front property line.

      iv. No building shall be permitted within twenty five (25) feet of the front property line.
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

v. The maximum permitted building height within one hundred (100) feet of the front property line is sixty-five (65) feet.
vi. The maximum permitted building height between one hundred (100) and four hundred and forty (440) feet from the front property line shall increase above sixty five (65) feet by one (1) foot in height for every four (4) feet of additional setback from the front property line.

vii. The maximum permitted height shall be one hundred and fifty (150) feet, or thirteen (13) stories.

c. UCD Frontage C.

i. A masonry wall with a maximum height of four (4) feet shall be setback at least fifteen (15) feet from the front property line.
ii. A masonry wall with a maximum height of six (6) feet shall be setback at least twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line.
iii. Surface parking spaces shall be setback at least twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line.
iv. No building shall be permitted within fifty (50) feet of the front property line.
v. The maximum permitted building height within one hundred (100) feet of the front property line is ninety (90) feet.
vi. The maximum permitted building height between one hundred (100) and one hundred and sixty (160) feet from the front property line shall increase above ninety (90) feet by one (1) foot in height for every one (1) foot of additional setback from the front property line.

vii. The maximum permitted height shall be one hundred and fifty (150) feet, or thirteen (13) stories.
viii. A porte-cochere may be extended into a required setback, provided that it does not exceed thirty (30) feet in height and provided that it is set back at least twenty (20) feet from the property line.

d. UCD Frontage D.

i. No structure other than landscape features and a masonry wall with a maximum height of four (4) feet shall be permitted within five (5) feet from the front property line.
ii. A masonry wall with a maximum height of six (6) feet shall be setback at least five (5) feet from the front property line.
iii. Surface parking spaces shall be setback at least five (5) feet from the front property line.
iv. No building shall be permitted within twenty (20) feet of the front property line.
v. The maximum permitted building height within one hundred (100) feet of the front property line shall be ninety (90) feet.
vi. The maximum permitted building height between one hundred (100) and one hundred and sixty (160) feet from the front property line shall increase above ninety (90) feet by one (1) foot in height for every one (1) foot of additional setback from the front property line.

vii. The maximum permitted height shall be one hundred and fifty (150) feet, or thirteen (13) stories.

e. UCD Frontage E.

i. Setbacks. None.
ii. Height. Three (3) floors or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less.

2. Maximum square feet. The total combined permitted square feet for the University Campus District shall be 6.8 million square feet of gross floor area.

3. Lot coverage, frontage, facing or number of buildings per site. No specified lot coverage, frontage, facing, or number of buildings per site restrictions are required for the UCD.

4. Landscaped open space. The minimum landscaped open space required in the University
ARTICLE 4 - ZONING DISTRICTS

Campus District shall be not less than twenty (20%) percent.

5. Maximum retail. No more than fifteen (15%) percent of the total floor area in a Multi-Use Zone may be retail uses which are not university serving uses.

6. Mobility. The Mobility Plan shall be consistent with the mobility element of the City’s Comprehensive Plan and shall identify specific programs to promote the use of alternative modes of transportation other than the single occupant automobile including walking, bicycles, intra-campus shuttles, transit, van pools, car pools, parking management strategies and programs designed to reduce external trips and shorten trips lengths wherever possible. The Mobility Plan shall provide for management programs for on-campus parking. The Mobility Plan shall establish measurable targets for various modes of travel and identify sources and means for achieving those targets.

7. Off-street parking.

   a. Location and quantity. The location of off-street parking shall be shown on the Campus Master Plan, and shall be provided in such amounts and areas within the development so that students, faculty, employees, and visitors will not park in or otherwise detrimentally impact abutting residential areas or other off-campus areas as a result of inadequate campus parking. In projecting parking needs, standard traffic engineering methods shall be used and consideration shall be given to daily regular users of the university, auto driver visitors, persons arriving by mass transportation, and persons being served by the university shuttle system. Approval of a building permit application for new development shall not be granted unless the University demonstrates that required parking and traffic capacity for each phase of development would be available prior to or concurrent with such development.

   b. Parking for residential housing. Parking provided and designated for University Village housing shall be limited to the University Village Area.

   c. Parking of boat and recreational vehicles. No boats and/or recreational vehicles shall be parked in the Transition Areas or Buffer Areas unless such boats and/or recreational vehicles are parked within an enclosed building or are being actively used as a part of an organized temporary University event.

8. Vehicular access and circulation. Vehicular traffic flow in the UCD District shall be designed and oriented so that it will not detrimentally impact nearby residential neighborhoods. Arrangements for traffic flow to and from the proposed development shall be designed to retain the major portion of such traffic on designated arterial and collector streets.

9. Design. The Design Manual previously adopted by the City of Coral Gables pursuant to Ordinance No. 2964, as subsequently amended, in effect at the date of adoption of this Section 4-202 shall be the adopted Design Manual for the University Campus District. Any modification to the adopted Design Manual shall be reviewed and approved by the Board of Architects of the City of Coral Gables in accordance with the requirements for conditional uses in Article 3, Divisions 2 and 3 of the Zoning Code. The design features shall be reflected in the adopted Design Manual. To the extent not inconsistent with the provisions of the adopted Design Manual, which shall govern in the event of any conflict with this Subsection 4-202(G), the design features shall include the following elements:

   a. Architectural design. Design criteria shall guide the architectural appearance and style of campus development as a cohesive aesthetic environment.

   b. External relationships. The scale of buildings in the buffer and transition Areas shall be based on careful site planning consideration of the relationship between University uses and structures and off-campus uses and structures in the surrounding perimeter areas and/or
neighboring neighborhoods. New buildings shall be designed to provide protection of surrounding areas from potentially adverse impacts and influences from development and to provide protection of university development from potentially adverse surrounding influences.

c. Internal relationships and arrangement of uses. Compatible and complementary uses proposed within the UCD shall be so arranged as to:

i. Provide for safe, efficient, and harmonious groupings of structures and facilities.

ii. Create successful relationships between interior and exterior spaces.

iii. Include adequate parking facilities which are reasonably accessible to the function they serve by walking, bicycling, or shuttle.

iv. Include pedestrian linkage between facilities.

v. Simplify circulation routes and minimize opportunities for pedestrian/vehicular conflicts.

d. Signs and lighting. The character and size of the proposed signage and lighting shall take into account their compatibility and appropriateness with the surroundings and issues of safety, if applicable.

e. Landscaping. Desirable landscaping shall be preserved in its natural state to the maximum extent possible. Landscaping requirements and standards established by the Zoning Code for off-street parking shall be used. Placement of structures and vehicular areas shall be such as to retain, to the extent reasonably practical, desirable existing landscaping, open space and natural features, and to promote the provision of compatible new landscaping.

f. Parking garages.

i. Any parking structure or any portion thereof, which is located in the Transition Area shall be screened from view from adjacent single family residential districts by liner buildings/wraps.

ii. All parking structures within three hundred (300) feet of San Amaro Drive and Campo Sano Drive between Mataro Avenue and Pisano Avenue shall be screened from view from adjacent single family districts by liner buildings/wraps.

iii. All parking structures within three hundred (300) feet of San Amaro Drive and Campo Sano Drive between Mataro Avenue and Pisano Avenue shall be designed and constructed so that the square footage of the parking structure, light fixtures and parked cars are not visible from any residential lot which fronts on San Amaro Drive and Campo Sano Drive between Mataro Avenue and Pisano Avenue.

iv. Any parking structure within three hundred (300) feet of Pisano Avenue between Campo Sano Drive and University Drive shall be treated with architectural designs, features and materials, such as varying column spacing, real or false windows and other treatments which obscure the identity of the structure as a parking garage.

g. Installation of utilities. All utilities within the University Master Campus including but not limited to telephone, electrical systems and television cables shall be installed underground.

h. Pedestrian amenities. Wherever possible, pedestrian amenities such as convenient and covered walkways, benches, water fountains, trash receptacles, bicycle racks and landscaping should be included, especially along street frontages and near access points.

i. Refuse and service areas. Refuse and service areas shall be so designed, located, landscaped and screened and the manner and timing of refuse collection and deliveries, shipment or other service activities so arranged as to minimize impact on adjacent or nearby properties or adjoining public ways, and to not impede circulation patterns.
H. Required reports.

1. Annual report. On an annual basis, on or before June 1, the University shall submit an annual report to the City setting forth any changes to the adopted Campus Master Plan which were approved administratively and any actual development which has occurred in the prior year.

2. Parking capacity monitoring. The University shall monitor the capacity and utilization of its off-street parking facilities and perform a supply/demand analysis to assess the level of utilization, availability and appropriateness of location of campus parking facilities. The analysis shall also indicate the type of user and the extent to which parking is used jointly by different components of the campus. The results of the monitoring and analysis shall be incorporated in a Parking Impact Analysis Report prepared by a certified traffic planner or engineer to be provided by June 1, 2013, and every five (5) years thereafter as part of the Annual Report.

3. Annual Mobility Plan implementation report. The University shall submit an annual Mobility Plan report to the City describing implementation of the Mobility Plan with reference to the measurable objectives set out in the Mobility Plan.

4. Traffic analysis reports. The University shall submit a Regional Traffic Impact Analysis Report as part of the Annual Report by June 1, 2013, and every five (5) years thereafter. The report shall be prepared by a certified traffic planner or engineer and shall assess existing and projected roadway conditions, levels of service, traffic volumes, capacities, and such other information as may be necessary to determine the impact of the proposed development. The report shall also identify methods of mitigating any negative impacts projected by such analysis.

5. Utility reports. Growth projections and their impact on existing utilities, along with any recommended utility improvements to meet future campus development or redevelopment shall be reported to the City by June 1, 2013, and every five (5) years thereafter.

Section 4-203. Zain/Friedman Miracle Mile Downtown Overlay (DO) District.

A. Purpose and applicability.

1. The purpose of the Zain/Friedman Miracle Mile Downtown Overlay (DO) District is to promote the goals, objectives, and policies of the City’s Comprehensive Plan in accordance with a set of comprehensive standards to be approved within the Miracle Mile area. These standards are provided for the continuance and enhancement of the historic downtown area as the functional and symbolic center of the City.

2. The district is established in order to maintain the following objectives:

   a. Maintain the aesthetic, physical, historic and environmental character of Downtown Coral Gables.

   b. Provide continued protection for residential neighborhoods from incompatible uses that would disrupt or degrade the health, safety, tranquility, aesthetics and welfare of the neighborhood by noise, light, glare, odor, vibration, dust, hazardous materials or traffic.

   c. Promote and encourage pedestrian activities in Downtown Coral Gables by promoting the concepts of mixed-use development and pedestrian-friendly design alternatives.

   d. Limit building height, bulk, mass and intensity on Miracle Mile of large scale developments to promote compatibility with the existing low-rise scale of development in Downtown Coral Gables as it presently exists.
e. Generate pride and confidence in the Downtown area.

f. Protect property values through quality control.

3. Applicability. The District applies to the area bounded by the following streets: Douglas Road (SW 37 Avenue) on the East, LeJeune Road (SW 42 Avenue) on the West, Aragon Avenue and Merrick Way on the North, and Andalusia Avenue on the South.

Unless otherwise provided in this section, all provisions of applicable underlying zoning district designations affecting individual property in this district shall control use and development.

a. Regulations. Within the DO District, abutting or adjacent property owners having more than two-hundred (200) feet of frontage on Miracle Mile, containing more than twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet of combined lot area, and designated Commercial High-Rise Intensity pursuant to the Coral Gables Comprehensive Plan, shall be required to submit an application for site plan review, as provided below, and the subject properties shall be considered as if they were a single building site for all purposes under these regulations and such application shall be subject to the following requirements:

1. The properties shall be designated High-Rise Intensity Commercial Land Use on the Comprehensive Plan Map from the right-of-way line of Miracle Mile north to Aragon Avenue and the right-of-way line of Miracle Mile south to Andalusia Avenue.

2. The building height of the development of the properties shall be limited to not more than six (6) stories or seventy (70) feet of building height or, whichever is less, for properties from Miracle Mile to the centerline of the alley to the north or south of Miracle Mile.

3. A minimum of ninety (90%) percent of the lot front facing Miracle Mile, at ground level, shall be storefronts limited to retail, restaurant, art galleries, personal services, courtyards and building entries.

4. Except for pedestrian building entrances and pedestrian courtyards there shall be a mandatory zero (0) foot setback along the Miracle Mile frontage and there shall be no side setbacks along Miracle Mile to ensure a continuous pedestrian scale façade.

5. In order to ensure consistency with these regulations and to ensure that the development as proposed will be compatible with and further the development of the pedestrian character and scale of Miracle Mile, all such projects shall be subject to site plan review by the Planning and Zoning Board with recommendation to the City Commission.

6. Where the designated site or project is subject to multiple ownership, as part of the application for site plan review, the Planning and Zoning Board may allow the Owners of the property to submit a Covenant in Lieu of Unity of Title in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 23.

7. Alterations, expansions, renovations, and similar improvements of existing structures shall, to the extent feasible, conform to the requirements of this section and other applicable provisions of these regulations.

Section 4-204. Special Use (S) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Special Use (S) District is to provide a zoning classification which accommodates uses which have the potential of adversely impacting adjacent uses but which enhance the quality of life of the citizens of the City.

B. Permitted uses. The following uses are permitted subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses,
buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Canopies, including permanent freestanding shelter canopy structure(s) or structure(s) attached to a building.

3. Botanical gardens with previously approved master plan. Allow for the placement of the following uses to solely serve the patrons of the botanical gardens:
   a. Offices.
   b. Research and technology.
   c. Retail sales and services.
   d. Restaurant.
   e. Educational facility.
   f. Nighttime uses.
   g. Outdoor recreation/entertainment.
   h. Camps.
   i. Other such uses as are customary for botanical gardens.

4. Parks, City.

5. Utility/infrastructure facilities.

6. Temporary uses, in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 21.

C. Conditional Uses. The following uses are permitted in the S District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Botanical gardens master plan.

2. Camps.

3. Cemeteries.


5. Golf course.


7. Heliport and helistop.

8. Hospital and uses accessory to, and customarily associated with, a hospital, as follows:
   a. Convenience facilities for hospital users such as: snack bar, gift shop, chapel and florist.
   b. Diagnostic facility.
c. Health/fitness facilities.
d. Intermediate care facility.
e. Laboratory and research facilities.
f. Medical clinic and/or office.
g. Medical educational facilities.
h. Municipal facilities.
i. Pharmacy.
j. Rehabilitation facilities.
k. Support facilities such as: cafeteria, laundry, dietary services, childcare, administrative offices, data processing and printing.


10. Municipal facilities.


12. Open space areas.

13. Private club.


15. Religious institutions.

16. Schools.

17. Tennis courts.

D. Performance standards:

1. Setbacks:
   a. Front: Twenty-five (25) feet, except that platted lots less than seventy-five (75) feet in depth, a minimum front setback of fifteen (15) feet shall be required.

   b. Side:

      i. Inside lots: Minimum side setbacks which total twenty (20%) percent of the width of the lot measured across the front setback line up to a maximum of twenty (20) feet.

      ii. Side street: Fifteen (15) feet, provided, however, that buildings on corner lots which have one (1) side abutting upon a street on which other lots in the same block face, shall setback a minimum distance from such side street as is provided herein as the minimum front setback for buildings facing such side street. In no case shall a side setback be less than five (5) feet.

   c. Rear: Five (5) feet.

   d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay: Thirty-five (35) feet, except as provided in site
specific regulations included as Appendix A.

2. Height: forty-five (45) feet except as provided in Site Specific Zoning Regulations (see Appendix A).

3. Landscaped open space: Not less than thirty-five (35%) percent of the area of the building site.

4. Floor area ratio:
   a. .35, when adjacent to a single-family residential district.
   b. 1.0, when not adjacent to a single-family residential district.

Section 4-205. Preservation (P) District.

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Preservation (P) District is for the preservation and conservation of natural and cultural resources and environmentally sensitive lands such as wetlands, tideland, mangroves, natural forest communities, marine and wildlife habitats and such other areas or terrain which have qualities of scenic, natural and aesthetic value in its present state as a natural area. In addition, this District category shall accommodate compatible public use of conservation, preservation, passive recreation areas and encourage public appreciation of the natural environment by allowing educational programs and public access to natural areas.

B. Permitted uses. The following uses are permitted in the P District subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Wetlands.
2. Tidelands.
3. Mangroves.
4. Upland forests.
5. Natural and cultural resource management and restoration.
6. Marine and wildlife habitats, and such other areas or terrain which has qualities of scenic, natural and aesthetic value in its natural state.
7. Support facilities and infrastructure necessary to operate and maintain recreation facilities, including but not limited to roads, parking, utilities, and maintenance facilities.
8. Miami-Dade County Recreation Areas. For those facilities designated Miami-Dade County Recreation Areas (R. Hardy Matheson Preserve, and Chapman Field Park) in the City’s Comprehensive Plan, active and passive recreational activities and facilities.
9. Within undeveloped or undisturbed natural areas permitted uses shall be limited to the following activities:
   a. Those activities established or proposed in Section 4-205(B) (8) above.
   b. Improvement, maintenance, or restoration activities required to enhance or improve natural areas and wildlife habitats.
   c. Passive recreation activities, such as nature observation, picnicking, walking, bicycling, and recreational boating; and resource-based recreational facilities such as nature trails and boardwalks, fishing piers, launching ramps, and nature observation and camping areas.
d. Water conservation areas, including natural drainage systems.

e. Wildlife management areas, including fish and game preserves, and wildlife observation areas.

10. Development within previously developed or disturbed areas shall be limited to the following:

   a. Upgrade or improvements to existing facilities and supporting infrastructure.

   b. Those activities established in Section 4-205(B) (8) above.

   c. Botanical and natural gardens.


   e. Investigations of archaeological, cultural, or historical resources.

   f. Nature or visitor centers, including marine research and education facilities, launching ramps, restrooms, maintenance facilities and utilities ancillary and incidental to these facilities.

   g. Open space.

C. Performance standards.

   1. The property, together with any black or red mangroves or upland forest thereon, shall be kept and preserved in its natural state as a natural wilderness and preserve.

   2. The use of motor vehicles within the District shall be consistent with existing or planned development and those uses and shall be discouraged in undeveloped natural areas except for service access.

   3. No man-made alterations shall be made in a preservation area except:

      a. To protect the property and any black or red mangrove forest thereon from damage by natural elements;

      b. To protect or restore to its natural state any property damaged by the platting of adjoining properties and which is in danger of being eroded, or otherwise materially affected by natural elements, and/or

      c. To provide, subject to the approval of the City Commission through conditional, passive support facilities within designated areas such as nature trails, walkways, bird watch areas, and restrooms, launching ramps, and then only after obtaining such permits as may be required by local, state and/or federal authorities and permission (whether permits are necessary or not) from the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, the Department of Environmental Protection, or their successors in interest.

D. Prohibited uses.

   1. A preservation area shall not be used for residential, commercial, or agricultural purposes that are not consistent with Park and Recreation uses.

   2. Development not consistent with Park and Recreation uses shall not be permitted in:

      a. Miami-Dade County designated natural areas.
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b. Natural areas that are part of a mitigation project.

c. Natural areas that are part of a restoration plan.

Section 4-206. Business Improvement Overlay (BIOD) District.

A. Applicability.

1. The following provisions shall apply within the boundaries of the Business Improvement District (BID) as established pursuant to Resolution No. 2012-99.

B. Business Operation Standards.

1. Pedestrian Oriented Signs. Messages and information shall be in accordance with Section 5-1921(A). In addition to the signage permitted in the Zoning Code, the following Pedestrian Oriented Signs shall be permitted within the District:

a. Retail Directory Sign.

   i. Retail Directory Signs may include multiple tenant listings, addresses, location maps, and directional arrows. Retail Directory Signs shall be initiated through a Downtown promotional organization or government organization such as the City of Coral Gables, the Business Improvement District, or the Chamber of Commerce. These Retail Directory Signs contain government speech, and they are not intended in any way to create a public forum to the extent they provide information, but are not intended in any way to create a public forum.

   ii. Design Standards.

      (a) Location: Edge of curb of the sidewalk at pedestrian crosswalks, within the public right-of-way.

      (b) Number permitted: One (1) per pedestrian crosswalk

      (c) Sign Area: Fifteen (15) square foot maximum.

      (d) Sign Length: No limit.

      (e) Lettering Height: No limit.

      (f) Height from sidewalk to the top of the Sign: Eight (8) foot maximum.

      (g) Distance Requirement: The Retail Directory Sign may not encroach within the pedestrian “clear zone” of the sidewalk.

      (h) Information: Tenant name, address, location map or wayfinding symbols.

      (i) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903.

   iii. These regulations are merely advisory as they relate to the City providing the Retail Directory Signs in its proprietary capacity for a public purpose.

b. Digital Kiosks.

   i. Digital kiosks may include multiple interactive applications, including retail directories, maps, advertising, and other information, as approved by the City. Digital kiosks and their information shall be initiated through a Downtown promotional organization or government organization such as the City of Coral Gables, the Business Improvement District, or the Chamber of Commerce, which may then contract with a third party vendor. Digital kiosks are not signs, but rather, are interactive digital devices and/or equipment. These Digital Kiosks contain government speech to the extent they provide information, and they are not intended in any way to create a public forum.

   ii. Design Standards. As determined by the City’s Public Works Department, in consultation with the Development Services and Economic Development Departments.

   iii. These regulations are merely advisory as they relate to the City providing the kiosks in its proprietary capacity for a public purpose.
c. Window Decal Sign.

i. Design Standards.
   (a) Location: Ground Floor Shopfront.
   (b) Number permitted: No limit.
   (c) Sign Area: Ten (10%) percent window area maximum not to exceed twenty (20) square feet maximum.
   (d) Sign Length: No limit.
   (e) Lettering Height: Six (6) inch maximum.
   (f) Sign Height: No limit.
   (g) Distance Requirement: Flush with window.
   (h) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.

d. Temporary Window Signs/Wraps.

i. Ground floor window (i.e. “Coming Soon”) signs/wraps are allowed in vacant retail spaces on a temporary basis to advertise an incoming business, as reviewed and approved administratively by the Development Review Official, in consultation with the Economic Development Department and/or Business Improvement District. The Property Owner and/or Applicant may also choose to request approval from the Board of Architects. Temporary signs must be removed at the time of the business’ opening.

ii. Design Standards.
   (a) Location: Ground Floor Shopfront.
   (b) Number permitted: Limited only by number of windows.
   (c) Sign Area: One-hundred (100%) percent of the window area.
   (d) Sign Length: Limited only by length of window.
   (e) Lettering Height: No limit.
   (f) Sign Height: Limited only by height of window.
   (g) Distance Requirement: Flush with window.
   (h) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo. Lettering shall not exceed fifty (50%) percent of sign area.

e. Downtown Projection Sign.

i. Design Standards. As permitted for Projection Signs.

ii. Consolidated Approval Process.
   (a) Within the District, Projection Signs that comply with Zoning Code Design Standards shall be reviewed and approved administratively by the Development Review Official. Property Owner and/or Applicant may also choose to request approval from the Board of Architects.
   (b) Insurance Requirements. Insurance requirements for Projection Signs within the District shall be covered by the Property Owner and/or the Applicant in coordination with the City.
   (c) Public Works Restrictive Covenant. A Uniform District Restrictive Covenant shall be available to applicants for compliance with code requirements.

f. Umbrella Sign.

i. Design Standards.
   (a) Location: As approved via the Outdoor Dining Permit.
   (b) Number permitted: Four (4) per umbrella (the total number of umbrellas shall be subject to the Outdoor Dining Permit approval).
   (c) Sign Area: No limit.
   (d) Sign Length: Half (½) the umbrella valance length.
   (e) Signage Placement: Limited to the umbrella valance.
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(f) Lettering Height: Six (6) inch maximum.
(g) Valance Height: Six (6) feet and (8) inches above the sidewalk minimum.
(h) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.

(g) Awning Sign.
   i. Design Standards.
      (a) Location: Over entrances and/or openings.
      (b) Number permitted: One (1) per entrance and/or opening.
      (c) Sign Area: Four (4) square feet maximum.
      (d) Sign Length: Half (½) the awning valance length.
      (e) Lettering Height: Six (6) inch maximum.
      (f) Distance Requirement: No limit.
      (g) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.
      (h) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903.

(h) Colonnade/Arcade signage.
   i. Tenant signage may be permitted to be located directly on a colonnade or arcade.
   ii. Retail sign design standards for tenants located within a colonnade or arcade may be
       increased by twenty-five (25%) percent above and beyond the required design standards
       in order to improve the tenant’s visibility from the street and sidewalk, as reviewed and
       approved administratively by the Development Review Official.

i. Menu Board Sign.
   i. Design Standards:
      (a) Location: As approved via the Outdoor Dining Permit.
      (b) Number permitted: One (1) menu board and one (1) specials board per tenant.
      (c) Sign Area: Two (2) square feet maximum.
      (d) Sign Length: No limit.
      (e) Sign Height: Five (5) foot maximum from the sidewalk to the top of the sign.
      (f) Distance Requirement: Must be located on the tenant’s private property.
      (g) Information: Tenant name, logo or menu.
      (h) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903.
      (i) Sign Type: Menu board signs shall not be an A-frame type sign. A-frame signs are
         only permitted in conjunction with Special Events.

j. Alley Wall Sign.
   i. Alley Wall Signs shall be permitted along the walls or on rear door of premises facing an
      alley within the District.
   ii. Design Standards:
      (a) Location: Attached to the building wall or door.
      (b) Number Permitted: One (1) per tenant.
      (c) Sign Area: Eighteen (18) square feet per tenant.
      (d) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.
      (e) Lettering Height: Eight (8) inches maximum.
      (f) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903, except neon signs shall not be
         allowed.

k. Prohibited Signs.
   i. No food displays shall be permitted outside of the establishment.
   ii. No advertising signs or tenant signs shall be permitted on the public right-of-way except
       as otherwise allowed under this Section.

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2. Special Event Signs. Timing: Only permitted in conjunction with a special events permit such as a Farmer’s Market, Festival, Gallery Walk, etc. May not be used outside of approved timeframe for special event.

      i. Design Standards.
         (a) Location: Private property.
         (b) Number permitted: One (1) per tenant.
         (c) Sign Area: Six (6) square feet maximum.
         (d) Sign Length: No limit.
         (e) Lettering Height: Six (6) inch maximum.
         (f) Sign Height: Three (3) foot, six (6) inch maximum from the sidewalk to the top of the sign.
         (g) Distance Requirement: Must be located on the tenant’s private property.
         (h) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.
         (i) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903. No projecting lights, neon signs, or backlit signs are permitted.

   b. Banner.
      i. Design Standards.
         (a) Location: Attached to Building Face and/or perpendicular to the façade.
         (b) Number permitted: One (1) per tenant.
         (c) Sign Area: Ten (10) square feet maximum.
         (d) Sign Length: Five (5) feet maximum.
         (e) Lettering Height: No limit.
         (f) Sign Height: Minimum clearance of seven (7) feet from the sidewalk to the bottom of the banner.
         (g) Distance Requirement: Minimum five (5) feet from the side property line.
         (h) Information: Tenant name or logo or both tenant name and logo.
         (i) Illumination: Permitted pursuant to Section 5-1903.

3. Hours of Operation – modified regulation for establishments fronting Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza.

   a. Hours of Operation and Music Outdoors:
      i. Sunday night into Monday morning through Thursday night into Friday morning, the hours of operation of public outdoor portions of restaurants, lounges, and/or entertainment establishments is prohibited from 12:00 AM (midnight) to 8:00 AM; no live music shall be played outdoors from 11:00 PM to 10:00 AM.
      ii. Friday night into Saturday morning and Saturday night into Sunday morning, the hours of operation of public outdoor portions of restaurants, lounges, and/or entertainment establishments shall be extended to 1:00 AM the following day; no live music shall be played outdoors from 12:00 AM (midnight) to 10:00 AM.
      iii. Recorded music shall be prohibited outdoors at all times.
      iv. Amplified music, including amplified live music, shall be prohibited outdoors at all times.

   b. Hours of Operation and Music Indoors:
      i. The hours of operation of indoor portions of bars, lounges, and/or entertainment establishments is prohibited between the hours of 2:00 AM to 7:00 AM. All times must comply with the City Code General Noise Ordinance. All alcohol sales shall require Certificate of Use for Alcohol Sales.
c. Alcohol Sales. Permitted in accordance with the State of Florida Laws. All alcohol sales shall require Certificate of Use for Alcohol Sales.

d. Outdoor Noise Levels. Noise levels shall be governed by the City of Coral Gables Municipal Codes. All noise, including music, must comply with the City Code General Noise Ordinance. Special Exceptions may be granted on a case by case basis as a Temporary or Special Events Permit.

e. Rooftop Terraces.
   i. Outdoor Dining areas and Lounges may occupy rooftop terraces in accordance with the Hours of Operation, Noise Regulations and Building Code Regulations.

4. Outdoor Dining – Pre-approved outdoor dining locations and design for restaurants fronting Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza; expedited process.

   a. Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza Expedited Approval Process. The Development Review Official shall serve as a point of contact for applicants for the Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza. Applications that meet the Pre-Approved Design Standards below shall be subject of Expedited Review and shall be processed within one (1) month of receipt.
      i. Location. Expedited Review will be provided for outdoor dining for the Pre-Approved Design Standards below on both private property and public right-of-way for properties abutting the following streets:
         (a) Miracle Mile.
         (b) Giralda Plaza.
      ii. Pre-Approved Design Standards. The Development Review Official will maintain a Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza Outdoor Dining Plan with pre-approved locations, configurations, and a menu of pre-approved furniture options for Expedited Outdoor Dining Permits. The menu of pre-approved furniture options may be amended from time to time to include outdoor dining furniture that has been previously approved by the Board of Architects. Applications that comply with the Outdoor Dining Plan shall be reviewed and approved administratively by the Development Review Official.
      iii. Special Design Review. For Applicants seeking unique outdoor dining locations, configurations, and furniture not addressed in the Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza Outdoor Dining Plan, Board of Architects approval shall be required as per the Zoning Code.
      iv. Insurance Requirements. Insurance requirements for Outdoor Dining within the public right-of-way on Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza shall be covered by the Property Owner and/or the Applicant in coordination with the City.
      v. Public Works and/or City of Coral Gables Public Services Restrictive Covenant. A Uniform Miracle Mile and Giralda Plaza Restrictive Covenant for right-of-way encroachments shall be available to applicants. Restrictive Covenants shall be coordinated by the Development Review Official.
      vi. Fees. As set forth in the Fee Schedule.
      vii. Applicant. The Applicant for an outdoor dining permit shall be the business that will operate the restaurant and corresponding outdoor dining.
         (a) Standards, Criteria and Conditions:
            (i) The area covered by a sidewalk cafe permit, and the sidewalk and street immediately adjacent to it, shall be maintained in a clean, neat and orderly appearance at all times by the permittee. The area of the sidewalk, curb and gutter immediately adjacent to the sidewalk cafe shall be cleared of all debris during hours of operation, and again at the close of each business day, or as may otherwise be determined by the Development Review Official.
(ii) Outdoor dining furniture shall be located at least ten (10) feet from the storefront or façade of the building. If the building is set back then a ten (10) foot clearance of the sidewalk shall be maintained.

(iii) Tables, chairs, umbrellas and any other sidewalk cafe furniture shall be maintained in a clean, attractive, and orderly appearance, and shall be maintained and kept in good repair at all times.

(iv) All sidewalk cafe furniture shall be of high quality, design, materials, and workmanship so as to ensure the safety and convenience of the public.

(v) The stacking or piling up of chairs shall be prohibited on the right-of-way at all times.

(vi) The Development Review Official may require a permittee to store its tables, chairs and/or umbrellas off of the right-of-way if, in his reasonable judgment and discretion, the Development Review Official determines that the sidewalk cafe permit area and immediately adjacent public right-of-way are not being adequately maintained in accordance with this division.

(vii) No storage of dishes, silverware or other similar sidewalk cafe equipment shall be allowed in the permit area, or in any other portion of the public right-of-way, or outside the structural confines of the building in which the restaurant is located, during non-business hours.

(viii) Live entertainment or speakers placed in permitted areas shall comply with noise regulations and hours of operation.

(ix) No food preparation, food storage, refrigeration apparatus or equipment, or fire apparatus or equipment, shall be allowed on the right-of-way.

(x) No food displays shall be permitted on the public right-of-way.

(xi) No advertising signs or business identification signs shall be permitted on the public right-of-way except as otherwise allowed in this Section.

(xii) No retail sales or displays shall be allowed on any public right-of-way areas, except as otherwise approved by the City Manager or his/her designee on a conditional and revocable basis where said displays are found to be compatible with, and further, City objectives.

(xiii) Umbrellas shall be fire-retardant, pressure-treated or manufactured of fire-resistant material. No portion of an umbrella shall be less than six (6) feet eight (8) inches above the right-of-way. Two (2) or more umbrellas may not be clipped, zipped or otherwise fastened together in order to form a tent like structure. Clear plastics or other materials may not be fastened, rolled or otherwise be attached to umbrella edges in order to create an enclosure.

(xiv) The Development Review Official may permit the use of planters with the material configuration, number, and size to be reviewed at time of application. Placement of planters within sidewalk cafe areas shall be set at a minimum of five (5) feet from the building frontage. Planters shall not block the normal pedestrian flow or impede handicap accessibility on any sidewalk area or street crossing. Planters shall not enclose portions of the sidewalk but may be used as buffers from vehicular traffic. Artificial planting materials (i.e. fake flowers and plants) shall be prohibited within planters. It shall be the permittee's responsibility to immediately remove planters, upon written and/or verbal notice from the City Manager, in case of emergency or other circumstances as provided in this division. Maximum size of planters shall not exceed the following:

(A) Rectangular planters: A maximum thirty (30) inches long, by fifteen (15) inches wide by twenty (20) inches high.

(B) Round planters: A maximum of twenty-four (24) inches diameter by twenty-four (24) inches high.

(C) Planters twenty (20) inches or higher shall be on rollers or on rolling bases.

(D) The combination of planters and plant height should not exceed a table height of thirty-four (34) inches.
(xv) All Outdoor Dining facilities on public rights-of-way shall be located at the same elevation as the adjoining sidewalk.

(xvi) Outdoor Dining shall not interfere with the free and unobstructed public access to any bus stop, crosswalks, public seating areas and conveniences, street intersections, alley, service easements, handicap facilities, access to adjacent commercial establishments, fire hydrants and/or other City utilities.

(xvii) Outdoor Dining shall comply with the standards set forth in Sections 5-119(A)(7) and (B)(10) of the City of Coral Gables Zoning Code.

(xviii) The Development Review Official may impose conditions, accept proffers and establish bonus programs to address potential harms and nuisances to serve the health, safety and welfare, and in particular, to ensure compatibility of the various uses within the right-of-way and adjoining areas.

(xix) Plants shall be properly maintained. Distressed plants shall be promptly replaced. Plant fertilizers which contain material that can stain the sidewalks shall not be allowed. Water drainage from any plants onto the sidewalk shall not be allowed. Potted plants shall have saucers or other suitable systems to retain seepage.

b. Private Property. For locations within the District not listed in Section 4.a. above, the Zoning Code provisions for Outdoor Dining on private property shall apply.

c. Public Right-of-Way. For locations within the District not listed in Section 4.a. above, the Zoning Code provisions for Outdoor Dining in the public right-of-way shall apply. When Outdoor Dining is proposed on public and private property then both requirements for outdoor dining on public and private property shall apply.

d. A permit used for Outdoor Dining in the public right-of-way shall be issued for a period of two (2) years, renewable biannually by the Division of Planning and Zoning. Such permit shall be paid on a bi-annual basis.

e. Outdoor Dining shall be restricted to the frontage of the abutting business property frontage line. The utilization of space extending no more than fifty (50) linear feet on either side of the property frontage line may be authorized and transferable subject to a written consent between the neighboring Property Owners and/or Tenants in front of whose businesses the Outdoor Dining service shall occur. Said written consent must stipulate that, if any of the two (2) properties go Out-of-Business, the Property Owners and the Tenants must forfeit their written consent and the individual property/frontage bundle of rights shall revert back to the original state. Should obstacles in the public ROW prohibit a restaurant from being able to provide outdoor dining in front of, or adjacent to, their place of business, the Development Review Official may permit the restaurant to use other underutilized outdoor dining areas in close proximity to the restaurant, subject to the same written consent requirements provided above.

f. The City Manager may adopt administrative regulations to implement and enforce the standards for outdoor dining set forth herein.

5. Pop-Up Retail. Expedited administrative review and approval may be granted by the Development Review Official for temporary, short-term use of existing retail space (i.e. "pop-up retail") within a building.

6. District Disclosure Form. Any real estate transfer of a residential unit within the District shall require the buyer or renter (applicable to residential leases of six (6) months or longer) to sign a District disclosure form prior to closing acknowledging that they have been made aware of the District’s business operation standards, including, but not limited to, the high potential for street closures, regular events and noise within the District. The seller or landlord is responsible for
transmitting the form to the City Clerk’s Office, in the matter and time required by the City Administration.

7. Management/Maintenance Agreement. The City Commission may adopt a Management/Maintenance Agreement over the right-of-way and adjoining areas when the request is consistent with the aesthetic and economic development goals of the City.

8. It is the intent of the overlay district to be lively, vibrant and changing yet appropriate. The City Manager or his/her designee may approve temporary adjustments to these provisions to achieve these purposes consistent with the City Manager’s authority over special events consistent with Ch. 62 of the City of Coral Gables Code.

Section 4-207. North Ponce Neighborhood Conservation Overlay (NPCO) District.

A. Purpose. The purpose of this District is to:

1. Preserve and enhance the garden apartment character of the North Ponce neighborhood’s Multi-Family 2 – zoned properties.

B. Applicability. The North Ponce Neighborhood Conservation Overlay District applies to properties that meet all of the following standards:

1. Multi-Family 2 (MF2) or Special (S) Zoning District.
2. Generally located in the area bounded by Navarre Avenue to the south, Douglas Road to the east, LeJeune Road to the west, and SW 8th Street to the north.
3. Identified as “North Ponce Neighborhood Conservation Overlay District” on the official Zoning Map.

C. Uses. All uses provided for in the underlying MF2 Zoning District shall be permitted in the North Ponce Neighborhood Conservation Overlay District. Additional uses shall be permitted for locally-designated historic buildings as provided in Section 4-207.D., and buildings constructed prior to 1964 as provided in Section 4-207.E.

D. Historic Preservation Benefits Program.

1. Purpose. The purpose of the Historic Preservation Benefits Program is to provide incentives for property owners to reinvest in historic buildings in order to preserve and enhance the character of the neighborhood. The Historic Preservation Benefits Program incentivizes the preservation and rehabilitation of existing garden apartment buildings.

2. Applicability. The Historic Preservation Benefits Program is available for locally-designated historic properties that are zoned MF2.

3. Additional Permitted Uses.

a. Home Office.

i. A Home Office shall be defined as a space and activity within a dwelling unit devoted to a non-retail business activity carried on by a permanent domiciliary resident thereof, which use is secondary to the use of the dwelling for dwelling purposes as customarily found in the home, that does not alter the exterior of the property or affect the residential character of the neighborhood, and that meets all legal requirements of the business.

ii. Home Office shall not include personal services, medical uses, retail uses, repair or service, or manufacturing uses.
iii. The Home Office shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit.

iii. No additional on-site parking shall be permitted for the Home Office.

iv. The resident shall not receive clients/customers at the residence in order to conduct business.

vi. The resident is not advertising the residence as the place of business.

vii. The resident is not receiving material amounts of business-related deliveries at the residence.

b. Live-work.


a. Bed and Breakfast Establishments.

b. Museum.

c. School.

5. Parking Incentive Program for Properties Designated Historic.

a. The Historic Preservation Board shall have the authority to grant a Variance to reduce or waive parking requirements for historically-designated MF2 properties, in accordance with Section 3-1113 of the Zoning Code.

b. Irrespective of the provisions provided in Section 5-1408.B. of the Zoning Code, historically-designated properties shall be eligible to use remote parking within 1000’ of the subject property, if the location of the parking area is zoned Commercial, subject to approval by the Development Review Official.

c. Historically-designated properties shall be eligible to lease evening parking spaces in City-owned parking lots.

6. Economic Incentive Program.

a. Transfer of Development Rights. In accordance with Section 3-1004 of the Zoning Code, historically-designated properties shall be eligible to sell unused development rights in order to fund the on-going maintenance and preservation of the property.

b. Tax Exemptions.

i. Ad Valorem Tax Exemption for Rehabilitation. In accordance with Section 3-1118.A. of the Zoning Code, historically-designated properties shall be eligible for tax exemptions of 100% of the assessed value of appropriate improvements.

ii. Ad Valorem Tax Exemption for Commercial and Non-Profit Properties. In accordance with Section 3-1118.B. of the Zoning Code, historically-designated commercial or non-profit properties (such as a rental apartment building, bed and breakfast, museum, or school) shall be eligible for a tax exemption of 50% of the assessed value of the property.

7. Signage.

a. Free-standing commercial signs shall be permitted for schools, bed and breakfast establishments, live-work, and museums, in accordance with the following standards:

i. Maximum sign area shall be 3 square feet.
ii. Maximum height, measured from the sidewalk elevation to the top of the sign, shall be 3 feet.

iii. A Certificate of Appropriateness shall be required for all signs in accordance with Section 3-1106 of the Zoning Code.

iv. All signs are subject to Board of Architects approval.

E. Garden Apartment Conservation Program.

1. Purpose. The purpose of the Garden Apartment Conservation Program is to protect and provide incentives for property owners to reinvest in pre-1964 garden apartment buildings that are not currently locally designated as a historic property, but contribute to the overall character and urban fabric of the North Ponce neighborhood. The Program offers methods of preserving and appropriately expanding these properties to enhance the unique character of the neighborhood. The Garden Apartment Conservation Program is offered as an economic incentive for the preservation and rehabilitation of existing garden apartment buildings.

2. Applicability. The Garden Apartment Conservation Program applies to all properties that were constructed prior to 1964 and that are zoned MF2.

3. Additional Permitted Uses.

   a. Home Office.

   i. A Home Office shall be defined as a space and activity within a dwelling unit devoted to a non-retail business activity carried on by a permanent domiciliary resident thereof, which use is secondary to the use of the dwelling for dwelling purposes as customarily found in the home, that does not alter the exterior of the property or affect the residential character of the neighborhood, and that meets all legal requirements of the business.

   ii. Home Office shall not include personal services, medical uses, retail uses, repair or service, or manufacturing uses.

   iii. The Home Office shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit.

   iv. No additional on-site parking shall be permitted for the Home Office.

   v. The resident shall not receive clients/customers at the residence in order to conduct business.

   vi. The resident is not advertising the residence as the place of business.

   vii. The resident is not receiving material amounts of business-related deliveries at the residence.

4. Staff Review. All permits for additions, exterior alterations, site work, and demolition of buildings constructed prior to 1964 shall be approved by the Historic Preservation Officer or designee. Applications shall be reviewed for appropriateness to the original style and character of the subject property, as well as neighborhood compatibility, with emphasis on those facades and those portions of the site that are visible from the street, including:

   a. Exterior Architectural Features: Roofs, Windows, Doors, Porches, Stucco, Decorative...
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Features
b. Open Space: Courtyards, Exterior Stairs, Breezeways, Porches, Patios
c. Site Work – Landscape, Hardscape, Driveways, Walkways, Parking areas, Fences, and Walls

5. Conservation Incentive Program – Rear and Side Additions; Variances.

a. Rear and side additions and new construction of auxiliary buildings at the rear and side of the property shall be permitted subject to approval by the Historic Preservation Officer or designee.
   i. Density, floor area ratio, open space percentages, and setback requirements for approved additions and new construction of auxiliary buildings may be modified from the underlying MF2 Zoning, as a Variance subject to the provisions of Section 3-806. Variances for building height shall not be permitted.
   ii. Variances granted for density and floor area ratio shall comply with applicable Comprehensive Plan requirements.
   iii. Additional required parking for approved additions and new construction of auxiliary buildings shall be provided where applicable.
   iv. In lieu of providing all required parking on site, a parking management plan may be provided, subject to approval by the Development Review Official.

F. New Construction – Multi-Family 2 District.

1. Large-scale new construction. Performance Standards for parcels of 20,000 square feet or greater shall be in accordance with Section 4-103.D.

2. Small-scale new construction. Performance Standards for parcels of less than 20,000 square feet shall be modified from the underlying MF2 Zoning District as follows. Performance Standards not specifically addressed below shall be in accordance with Section 4-103.D.

   a. Setback requirements.
      i. Front Setback. Ten (10) feet.
      ii. Side Street Setback. Ten (10) feet.

   b. Ground Area Coverage.
      i. There shall be no maximum ground area coverage.

   c. Building Height.
      i. Maximum building height shall be three (3) Stories and forty-five (45) feet.

G. Landscape Standards.

1. Purpose. The purpose of the Landscape Standards is to preserve and enhance the existing landscaped “garden district” character of North Ponce, by requiring open lawns in the front yard, requiring the planting of trees in the front yard for new construction projects to provide a
more comfortable pedestrian experience in the neighborhood, preserving existing specimen
trees, and locating driveways, parking areas, and paved areas to the side and rear of the
property.

2. Applicability. The Landscape Standards shall be mandatory for all properties in the North
Ponce Neighborhood Conservation Overlay District, whether existing buildings or new
construction.

3. Front Yards and Courtyards. The Front Yard shall be defined as that area located between the
front facade of the building and the front property line, and extending the entire width of the
property.
   a. No fences, walls, or hedges are permitted in the Front Yard, unless a contributing
      feature of a historically-designated property.
   b. Front Yards shall be landscaped with the exception of driveway areas and walkways.
   c. Open-air, landscaped courtyards that front the street are encouraged.
   d. A minimum of one (1) shade tree shall be planted in the Front Yard for every fifty (50)
      feet of street frontage.

4. Tree Protection.
   a. Specimen trees shall be protected, incorporated into new site plans, or relocated on site
      whenever possible.
   b. Removal of trees shall be subject to Chapter 82 of the City Code.

5. Driveway / Parking Placement.
   a. A maximum of twenty (20) percent of the front setback may be used for driveway placement.
      For instance, for 50 (fifty) foot wide lot, a maximum of one (1) ten (10) foot wide driveway
      may be provided through the front yard.
   b. For corner lots, driveways shall be located off of the side street.
   c. Off-street parking shall be set back a minimum of forty (40) feet from the front property line
      and shall be screened with habitable liner space or landscaping.

Section 4-208. Residential Infill Regulations (RIR).

A. Purpose and applicability.

1. The purpose of the Residential Infill Regulations (RIR) is to promote the goals, objectives, and
   policies of the City’s Comprehensive Plan by encouraging greater housing opportunities within
   close proximity to transit, employment centers, parks and schools.

2. The regulations are established in order to maintain the following objectives:
   a. Provide greater housing opportunities in strategic areas of the City that are in close proximity
      to transit, employment centers, parks, and schools, and that are not in environmentally
      vulnerable or sensitive areas.
   b. Promote and encourage pedestrian activity by requiring pedestrian-oriented building design
      and site planning.
c. Protect and promote a garden-like feeling in Coral Gables’ multi-family residential districts through clear and unified landscape standards.

d. Encourage harmonious and engaging streetscapes that support the Coral Gables Mediterranean brand, through mandatory Mediterranean Architecture Design Standards.

3. Applicability.

a. Properties with a zoning designation of Multi-Family 2 (MF2) District located north of Navarre Avenue, south of SW 8th Street, east of LeJeune Road and west of Douglas Road may apply for conditional use review and approval pursuant to the RIR provisions provided herein.

b. The site specific standards of this Code shall not apply to properties seeking approval pursuant to these Residential Infill Regulations. It is provided; however, that underlying site specific regulations shall remain applicable for properties that are not developed in accordance with the RIR standards.

c. Unless otherwise provided in this section, all provisions of applicable underlying zoning district designations affecting individual property shall control use and development.

d. If an Applicant chooses to use the Density and Floor Area Ratio bonuses provided in this section, all of the standards provided below shall be mandatory.

4. Performance Standards.

a. Minimum Building Site Area. Twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.

b. Maximum density. The density provided in the Comprehensive Plan, with architectural incentives.

c. Maximum FAR. 2.0 or 2.5, with architectural incentives.

d. Maximum Height. Seventy (70) feet; one-hundred (100) feet with architectural incentives.

e. Minimum unit size. Six-hundred and fifty (650) square feet.

5. Architecture Standards.


b. All development shall comply with Article 5, Division 6 for residential uses which are set out in Table 1 of Division 6 and five (5) of ten (10) of the standards in Table 2 of Division 6.

6. Landscape Standards.

a. Purpose. The purpose of the Landscape Standards is to preserve and enhance the existing landscaped “garden district” character of Coral Gables, by requiring open lawns in the front yard, requiring the planting of trees in the front yard for new construction projects to provide a more comfortable pedestrian experience in the neighborhood, preserving existing specimen trees, and locating driveways, parking areas, and paved areas to the side and rear of the property.

b. Applicability. The Landscape Standards shall be mandatory for all properties developed pursuant to the Residential Infill Regulations.
c. Front Yards and Courtyards. The Front Yard shall be defined as that area located between the front facade of the building and the front property line, and extending the entire width of the property.

i. No fences, walls, or hedges are permitted in the Front Yard, unless a contributing feature of a historically-designated property.

ii. Front Yards shall be ten (10) feet in depth and landscaped with the exception of driveway areas and walkways.

iii. Open-air, landscaped courtyards that front the street are encouraged.

iv. A minimum of one (1) shade tree shall be planted in the Front Yard for every fifty (50) feet of street frontage.

d. Tree Protection.

i. Specimen trees shall be protected, incorporated into new site plans, or relocated on site whenever possible.

ii. Removal of trees shall be subject to Chapter 82 of the City Code.

e. Driveway / Parking Placement.

i. For corner lots, driveways shall be located on the side street.

ii. For interior lots that do not have a side street frontage, a maximum of twenty (20%) percent of the front setback may be used for driveway placement. For instance, for a fifty (50) foot wide lot, a maximum of one (1) ten (10) foot wide driveway may be provided through the front yard.

iii. Off-street parking shall be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the front property line and shall be screened with habitable liner space or landscaping. Off-street parking is prohibited in the front setback.

f. Open Space.

i. Additional open space at the ground level shall be required to achieve the maximum allowed height and FAR.

Section 4-209. Giralda Plaza Overlay District.

A. Purpose and applicability.

1. The purpose of the Giralda Plaza Overlay District is to promote the goals, objectives, and policies of the City’s Comprehensive Plan in accordance with a set of comprehensive standards to be approved for those properties facing Giralda Plaza between Ponce de Leon Boulevard and Galiano Street. These standards are provided for the continuance and enhancement of Restaurant Row as a pedestrian-friendly area, well-suited for restaurants and similar compatible uses.

2. The district is established in order to maintain the following objectives:

   a. Maintain the human scale and pedestrian-oriented character of Restaurant Row.
   b. Limit building height, bulk, mass, and intensity of large scale developments to promote compatibility with the existing low-rise scale of development as it presently exists for those properties facing Giralda Plaza.
3. The Giralda Plaza Overlay District is an optional overlay and applies to the 100 Block of Giralda Plaza, the area legally described as Lots 21-37, Block 29, and Lots 3-24, Block 33, Section L.

4. Unless otherwise provided in this section, all provisions of applicable underlying zoning district designations affecting individual property in this district shall control use and development.

B. Regulations.

1. Maximum site area: Ten-thousand (10,000) square feet.

2. Maximum height: Three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less.

3. A minimum of ninety (90%) percent of the lot front facing Giralda Plaza, at ground level, shall be storefronts limited to retail, restaurant, art galleries, personal services, courtyards, and building entrances.

4. Except for pedestrian building entrances and courtyards there shall be a mandatory zero (0) foot setback along the Giralda Plaza frontage and there shall be no side setbacks along Giralda Plaza to ensure a continuous pedestrian scale façade.

5. A building stepback from Giralda Plaza shall be provided above the first (1st) floor.

6. All uses provided for in the underlying Commercial Zoning District shall be permitted. In addition, residential, boutique hotel (10 – 30 rooms), restaurant, retail, or office shall be permitted above the ground floor.

7. Required parking. Properties that develop pursuant to these regulations shall be exempt from parking requirements.

8. Building design. Mediterranean Architectural Design Level 2 is required in accordance with Section 5-604 of the Zoning Code, for aesthetic review only. No additional height or floor area ratio (FAR) will be applied.

9. Curb cuts. No curb cuts shall be permitted on Giralda Plaza from Ponce de Leon Boulevard to Galiano Street.

10. Balconies. Cantilevered open balconies may project into the public right-of-way a maximum of six (6) feet.

11. Where the designated site or project is subject to multiple ownership as part of the application for site plan review, the City Commission may allow the Owners of the property to submit a Covenant in Lieu of Unity of Title in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 23.

Alterations, expansions, renovations, and similar improvements of existing structures shall, to the extent feasible, conform to the requirements of this section and other applicable provisions of these regulations.

Division 3. Nonresidential Districts

Section 4-301. Commercial Limited (CL) District.

H. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Commercial Limited (CL) District is to provide convenient access to goods and services of low and medium intensity without adversely impacting the integrity of residential neighborhoods, diminishing the scenic quality of the City or negatively impacting the safe and efficient movement of people and things within the City. This District also contains special provisions regarding nighttime commercial uses located in close proximity to
residential districts which create special considerations with regard to the compatibility of adjacent land uses.

I. Permitted uses. The following uses are permitted subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Alcohol sales as an accessory use.

3. Camps.


5. Educational facilities of no more than fifty (50) student seats.

6. Indoor recreation/entertainment.

7. Live work.

8. Municipal facilities.


10. Offices.

11. Overnight accommodations. Maximum of (8) rooms when adjacent to an SFR or MF1 district.

12. Parks, City.

13. Restaurants.

14. Retail, sales and services.

15. Swimming pools as an accessory use.

16. Temporary uses, in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 21.

17. Utility/infrastructure facilities.

19. Building sites unified by a recorded Unity of Title filed prior to the enactment of this Zoning Ordinance and which, as a result of the enactment of this Zoning Ordinance, are zoned Commercial (C), in part, and Commercial Limited (CL), in part, are permitted to have Commercial (C) uses on the portions of the property designated Commercial Limited (CL), except for the following:

   a. Medical clinics in excess of ten-thousand-five-hundred (10,500) square feet of floor area.

   b. Drive through facilities.

   c. Sale of alcohol other than as an accessory use.

   d. Nightclubs.
Commercial (C) uses on Commercial Limited (CL) property may only be permitted pursuant to this provision on the condition that the property is maintained as one unified parcel and is adjacent to property designated Residential-Use Single-Family High-Density on the CP Map. All other provisions of the Zoning Ordinance shall be applicable.

J. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the CL District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Assisted living facilities.
2. Automobile service stations (reconstruction only).
3. Community center.
4. Drive-through facilities if not adjacent to SFR or MF1 districts.
5. Educational facilities of greater than fifty (50) student seats.
6. Medical-related uses. For purposes of this section, medical-related use includes medical clinics, medical laboratories, and diagnostic and imaging centers, but does not include any other uses not otherwise already allowed as a permitted use or conditional use in this zoning district.
7. Museum.
8. Nighttime uses within one-hundred-fifty (150) feet of a parcel of land designated as a residential districts.
10. Overnight accommodations greater than eight (8) rooms when adjacent to an SFR or MF1 district.
11. Parking lots as a principal use.

D. Performance standards.

1. Minimum parcel of land:
   a. Less than forty-five (45) feet in height shall have a minimum of two-thousand-five-hundred (2,500) square feet.
   b. Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height shall have a minimum of two-hundred (200) feet of primary street frontage and minimum land area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.

2. Minimum parcel dimensions:
   a. Width. Twenty (25) feet.
   b. Depth. One-hundred (100) feet.

3. Minimum setbacks. The following setbacks shall be provided for all buildings in the CL District:
   a. Front: None.
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b. Side:
   i. Interior side: None.
   ii. Side street: None.

c. Rear:
   i. Where there is a dedicated alley in the rear: Five (5) feet.
   ii. Where there is no dedicated alley in the rear: Ten (10) feet.

d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay: On all building sites abutting upon a canal, waterway, lake or bay, the minimum setback from the waterway for all buildings, or portions thereof designed or used shall be thirty-five (35) feet from the canal, waterway, lake or bay as platted.

4. Floor area ratio: 3.0.

5. Height. The maximum permitted height is as follows:
   a. Pursuant to the Comprehensive Plan Map designation and/or Site Specific Zoning regulations.
   b. CL properties shall have a height limitation of three (3) floors or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less, within one-hundred (100) feet of an adjacent, abutting or contiguous (including streets, waterways, or alleys) SFR and/or MF1 property, as measured from the CL property line.

E. Performance standards for nighttime uses.

1. Parking lots for nighttime uses shall be screened with opaque wall, fences or hedges to a minimum height of six (6) feet at time of planting so that vehicle headlamps cannot illuminate land which is designated as a residential district.

2. No patron or customer access for nighttime uses which is visible from land designated as a residential district shall be available from the hours of 8:00 PM to 6:00 AM.

3. No deliveries shall be accepted between the hours of 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

4. Windows and doors facing land designated as a residential district shall be opaque or shall be provided with shades, screens, or drapes to screen illumination from within the building.

5. A landscape buffer comprised of a continuous hedge, at a minimum height of six (6) feet at time of planting, and small trees with a height of at least fourteen (14) feet at intervals of not less than ten (10) feet on centers shall be located along any property line of a nighttime use which has a common property line with property designated as a residential district, or is separated only by an alley.

6. Signage which is visible from land designated as a residential district shall not be illuminated between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

7. Additional criteria for medical clinics:
   a. Overnight stays at a medical clinic shall not exceed twenty-four (24) consecutive hours.
   b. Overnight stays shall be prohibited on Saturday or Sunday on property that abuts a residential district.
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c. Patients shall not be admitted or discharged between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

d. A maximum of six (6) beds or sleeping rooms shall be permitted, and a total of six (6) patients at one time may remain overnight in any medical clinic, regardless of the number of medical personnel affiliated with such clinic.

e. The medical clinic shall be closed to the public between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

f. All doors in the medical clinic that face a residential district shall remain closed at all times between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

g. No loitering of any kind shall be permitted in any area which is visible from land which is designated as a residential district.

h. Compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, including, without limitation, all licensing requirements.

8. Overnight accommodations and restaurants.

   a. No outdoor facilities, including pools, decks, outdoor dining or drinking facilities which are visible from land designated residential shall be used or operated between the hours of 10:00 PM and 8:00 AM weekdays and 10:00 PM and 8:00 AM on weekends.

   b. No music (live or recorded) shall be performed or played except within an enclosed building between the hours of 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

   c. No kitchen with outside venting shall be directed toward residential districts and shall not be operated between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

Section 4-302. Commercial District (C).

A. Purpose and applicability. The purpose of the Commercial (C) District is to provide convenient access to higher intensity goods and services throughout the City in conjunction with providing economic stability without adversely impacting the integrity of residential neighborhoods, diminishing the scenic quality of the City or negatively impacting the safe and efficient movement of people and things within the City.

B. Permitted uses. The following uses are permitted subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Alcoholic beverage sales.

3. Animal grooming and boarding.

4. Automobile service station.

5. Camps.

6. Community center.
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7. Congregate care.
8. Day care.
10. Funeral home.
12. Indoor recreation/entertainment.
14. Municipal facilities.
15. Museum.
17. Nursing homes.
18. Offices.
19. Overnight accommodations.
20. Parking garages.
22. Parks, City.
23. Public transportation facility.
24. Restaurants.
25. Restaurants, fast food.
26. Retail sales and services.
27. Swimming pools as an accessory use.
28. Temporary uses.
29. TV/radio studios.
31. Vehicle sales/displays.
32. Vehicle service, major.
33. Veterinary offices.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable
Article 4 – Zoning Districts

regulations in Article 5:

1. Assisted living facilities (ALF).

2. Drive through facilities.

3. Helistop.

4. Marina facilities.

5. Medical Marijuana Retail Center, unless prohibited under state or federal law, subject to all of the following additional requirements:

   a. Application. In addition to meeting the application requirements for a Medical Marijuana Permit in Chapter 14 “Businesses,” Article 5 “Marijuana Sales” of the City Code of Ordinances, an application for conditional use approval for a Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall:

      i. Be a joint application by the property owner and the tenant, if the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center and the property are not owned by the same person or entity;

      ii. Be accompanied by a lease identifying the specific use, if the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center and the property are not owned by the same person or entity;

      iii. Include a survey sealed by a registered land surveyor who is licensed by the State of Florida. The survey shall indicate the distance between the proposed Medical Marijuana Retail Center and any other Medical Marijuana Retail Center, SFR or MF1 zoning district, elementary, middle or secondary school, child day care facility, county or municipal park, or place of worship, as identified in Section 4-302(C)4.b;

      iv. Conduct the public information meeting required pursuant to Section 3-302(D). Notice of the public information meeting shall be provided to all property owners and tenants within 1,000 feet of the property on which the Medical Marijuana Retail Center is proposed; and

      vi. Provide, in addition to the quasi-judicial notice of conditional use hearings to property owners required by this Code, no later than 10 days prior to each and every public hearing, notice of the public hearing to all tenants within 1,000 feet of the property on which the Medical Marijuana Retail Center is proposed.

   b. Location requirements. A Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall not be located:

      i. Within 500 feet of any SFR or MF1 zoning district;

      ii. Within 1,000 feet of another Medical Marijuana Retail Center, whether it is located in the City or in another jurisdiction;

      iii. Within 1,000 feet of a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center located in another jurisdiction (Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers are not allowed in the City);

      iv. Within 1,000 feet of an elementary, middle or secondary school, child day care facility, county or municipal park, or place of worship; and

      v. Within the Central Business District.

   c. Effect of future uses on spacing. Where a Medical Marijuana Retail Center is located in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, the subsequent locating of one of the uses listed in b. above within the specified distance of an existing Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall not cause a violation of this Section. Whenever a Conditional Use approval for a Medical Marijuana Retail Center has been lawfully procured and thereafter an elementary, middle or secondary school, child day care facility, county or municipal park, or place of worship be established within a distance otherwise prohibited by law, the establishment of such use shall not be cause for the revocation of the Conditional Use approval or related Medical Marijuana Permit or prevent the subsequent renewal of same.
d. Measurement. Distances shall be measured using an airline measurement from the property line of the property on which the Medical Marijuana Retail Center is located to the nearest property line of the use or zone identified in b.i. through b.iv. that existed before the date the Medical Marijuana Retail Center submitted its initial application for approval.

e. Building requirements and use.

i. If the Medical Marijuana Retail Center is located in a freestanding building the Center shall be the only use permitted on the property.

ii. If the Medical Marijuana Retail Center is located in a bay or multi-bay space within a multi-tenant structure, the Center shall be the only use permitted within the bay or multi-bay space it occupies.

iii. Odor and air quality. A complete air filtration and odor elimination filter and scrubber system shall be provided ensuring the use will not cause or result in dissemination of dust, smoke, or odors beyond the confines of the building, or in the case of a tenant in a multi-tenant building, beyond the confines of the occupied space. A double door system shall be provided at all entrances to mitigate odor intrusion into the air outside the Medical Marijuana Retail Center.

iv. Signage. Notwithstanding other provisions of this Code and the City Zoning Code, signage for a Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall be limited as follows:

1. One (1) Wall Sign, not to exceed 18 square feet;
2. No other signage, except as required by this subsection, shall be allowed;
3. Graphics, symbols and logos are prohibited;
4. Neon shall be prohibited;
5. Signs shall not be internally illuminated;
6. Signs may be externally illuminated only during hours of operation;
7. A Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall post, at each entrance to the Medical Marijuana Retail Center the following language:

   ONLY INDIVIDUALS WITH LEGALLY RECOGNIZED MARIJUANA OR CANNABIS QUALIFYING PATIENT OR CAREGIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS OR A QUALIFYING PATIENT’S LEGAL GUARDIAN MAY OBTAIN MARIJUANA FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA RETAIL CENTER.

   The required text shall be a minimum one-half inch in height.

f. Queuing of vehicles. The Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall ensure that there is no queuing of vehicles in the adjacent rights-of-way, the drive aisles of the Center’s parking lot, or on any adjacent properties. The Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall take all necessary and immediate steps to ensure compliance with this paragraph.

g. No drive-through service. No Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall have a drive-through service aisle. All activities will occur within an enclosed building.

h. Prohibited activities. A Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall not engage in any activity other than those activities specifically defined herein as an authorized part of the use. The preparation, wholesale storage, cultivation, or processing of any form of Marijuana or Marijuana product and on-site consumption of any Marijuana or Marijuana product is specifically prohibited. On-site storage of any form of Marijuana or Marijuana product is prohibited, except to the extent reasonably necessary for the conduct of the on-site retail business.

i. Conditional use duration. A conditional use approval for a Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall be valid for two (2) years, subject to compliance with the conditions of approval and all state and federal laws, licensing and operational requirements. A new conditional use approval must be obtained prior to expiration of the active approval to ensure continued operation.
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j. Revocation of conditional use approval. Any conditional use approval granted under this section shall be immediately terminated if any one or more of the following occur:

i. The Applicant provides false or misleading information to the City;
ii. Anyone on the premises knowingly dispenses, delivers, or otherwise transfers any Marijuana or Marijuana product to an individual or entity not authorized by state and federal law to receive such substance or product;
iii. An Applicant, Owner or manager is convicted of a felony offense;
iv. Any Applicant, Owner, manager or Employee is convicted of any drug-related crime under Florida Statutes;
v. The Applicant fails to correct any City Code violation or to otherwise provide an action plan to remedy the violation acceptable to the City Manager within 30 days of citation;
vi. The Applicant fails to correct any State law violation or address any warning in accordance with any corrective action plan required by the State within the timeframes and completion date the Applicant provided to the City;
vii. The Applicant's State license or approval authorizing the dispensing of Medical Marijuana expires or is revoked; or
viii. The Applicant fails to maintain a Medical Marijuana Permit as required by Chapter 14 “Businesses,” Article 5 “Marijuana Sales” of the City Code of Ordinances.

k. Transfer of Medical Marijuana Conditional Use Approval.

i. A Conditional Use Approval for a Medical Marijuana Retail Center shall not be transferred to a new Owner, or possession, control, or operation of the establishment surrendered to such other person until a new Medical Marijuana Permit has been obtained by the new Applicant in accordance with Chapter 14 "Businesses," Article 5 "Marijuana Sales" of the City Code.

ii. An application for a Conditional Use Approval transfer, meeting the requirements of Section 4-302.C.4.a., shall be filed with the City at the same time the new Applicant files its application for a Medical Marijuana Permit.

iii. The Application for a Conditional Use Approval transfer shall be accompanied by a Conditional Use Approval transfer fee to be set by resolution of the Commission.

iv. If the new Applicant is granted a Medical Marijuana Permit and the transfer application meets the material requirements of Section 4-302.C.4., the City Manager shall approve the Conditional Use Approval transfer.

v. A Conditional Use approval is particular only to the applicant at the approved location and shall not be transferred to another applicant, owner or location.

vi. An attempt to transfer a Conditional Use approval either directly or indirectly in violation of this Section is hereby declared void, and in that event the Conditional Use shall be deemed abandoned, and the related Medical Marijuana Permit shall be forfeited.

6. Mixed use building(s).

7. Outdoor recreation/entertainment.

8. Private yacht basin.

9. Schools.

10. Walk-up counter only as an accessory use to a restaurant.

K. Performance standards.

1. Minimum parcel of land:

   a. Less than forty-five (45) feet in height shall be a minimum two-thousand-five-hundred (2,500) square feet.
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b. Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height shall have a minimum of two-hundred (200) feet of primary street frontage and minimum land area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.

2. Minimum parcel dimensions:
   a. Width. Twenty (25) feet.
   b. Depth. One-hundred (100) feet.

3. Minimum setbacks. The following setbacks shall be provided for all buildings:
   a. Front:
      i. Up to fifteen (15) feet in height: None.
      ii. The portion of a building above fifteen (15) feet shall be set back ten (10) feet from the property line at the lower of: a) a cornice line above fifteen (15) feet; b) the top of a parking pedestal; or c) forty (40) feet.
   b. Side:
      i. Interior side: Up to forty-five (45) feet in height – zero (0) feet, greater than forty-five (45) feet in height – fifteen (15) feet plus one (1) foot of additional setback for each three (3) feet of height above forty-five (45) feet.
      ii. Side street: Fifteen (15) feet.
   c. Rear:
      i. Abutting a dedicated alley or street: None.
      ii. Not abutting dedicated alley or street: Ten (10) feet.
   d. Setback from canal, waterway, lake or bay: On all building sites abutting upon a canal, waterway, lake or bay, the minimum setback from the waterway for all buildings, or portions thereof designed or used shall be thirty-five (35) feet from the canal, waterway, lake or bay as platted.
   e. Balconies: Cantilevered open balconies may project into the required setback areas a maximum of six (6) feet.

4. Floor area ratio: 3.0.

5. Height. The maximum permitted height is as follows:
   a. Pursuant to the Comprehensive Plan Map designation and/or Site Specific Zoning regulations.
   b. C properties shall have a height limitation of three (3) floors or forty-five (45) feet, whichever is less, within one-hundred (100) feet of an adjacent, abutting or contiguous (including streets, waterways, or alleys) SFR and/or MF1 property, as measured from the C property line.

6. Nighttime uses adjacent to a residential district.
   a. Parking lots for nighttime uses shall be screened with opaque wall, fences or hedges to a height of a minimum of four (4) feet at time of installation so that vehicle headlamps cannot illuminate land which is designated as a residential district.
   b. No patron or customer access for nighttime uses which is visible from land designated as a
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residential district shall be available for use from the hours of 8:00 PM to 6:00 AM.

c. No deliveries shall be accepted between the hours of 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM for nighttime uses.

d. Windows and doors facing land designated as a residential district shall be opaque or shall be provided with shades, screens, or drapes to screen illumination from within the building.

e. A landscape buffer comprised of a continuous hedge and small trees with a height of at least fourteen (14) feet at intervals of not less than ten (10) feet on centers shall be located along any property line of a nighttime use which has a common property line with property designated as a residential district, or is separated only by an alley.

f. Signage which is visible from land designated as a residential district shall not be illuminated between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

g. Additional criteria for medical clinics.

i. Overnight stays at a medical clinic shall not exceed twenty-four (24) consecutive hours.

ii. Overnight stays shall be prohibited on Saturday or Sunday on property that abuts a residential district.

iii. Patients shall not be admitted or discharged between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

iv. A maximum of six (6) beds or sleeping rooms shall be permitted, and a total of six (6) patients at one time may remain overnight in any medical clinic, regardless of the number of medical personnel affiliated with such clinic.

v. The medical clinic shall be closed to the public between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

vi. All doors in the medical clinic that face a residential district shall remain closed at all times between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

vii. No loitering of any kind shall be permitted in any area which is visible from land which is designated as a residential district.

viii. Compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, including, without limitation, all licensing requirements.

h. Overnight accommodations.

i. No outdoor facilities, including pools, decks, outdoor dining or drinking facilities which are visible from land designated residential shall be used or operated after 10:00 PM.

ii. No music (live or recorded) shall be performed or played except within in an enclosed building between the hours of 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

iii. No kitchen with outside venting shall be operated between the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM.

7. Additional standards for mixed-use development.

a. Mix of uses. In order to encourage the creative mix of uses, all mixed-use developments shall have at least eight (8%) percent or the entire ground floor of retail commercial and/or office uses. The remaining portions of the building may be uses permitted in the underlying zoning designations.

b. Floor area ratio. When multiple uses are incorporated into a development of four (4) or more stories in height, the floor area ratio (FAR) for each use shall be individually determined and the highest of the individual FAR shall be applied to the entire development.

c. Ground floor treatment. Ground floor treatment for all Mixed-Use development shall be pedestrian oriented, and shall detail the percent glazing to solids, pedestrian-oriented landscaping and other features when submitting to the Board of Architects and Planning and Zoning Board.
Section 4-303. Industrial District (I).

A. Purpose. The purpose of the Industrial (I) District is to accommodate related industrial uses in the City.

B. Permitted uses. The following uses are permitted subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Accessory uses, buildings or structures as provided in Article 4, Table No. 2. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily associated with permitted uses within this Zoning District and not listed within the Table No. 2 may be permitted subject to Development Review Official review and approval.

2. Alcoholic beverage sales, including wine shops and similar uses.

3. Animal grooming or boarding.

4. Automobile service stations.

5. Camps.

6. Commercial laundry.

7. Community center.

8. Day care.

9. Governmental uses.

10. Indoor recreation/entertainment.

11. Manufacturing.

12. Medical clinic.

13. Municipal facilities.


15. Offices.


17. Outdoor retail sales, display and/or storage.

18. Overnight accommodations.

19. Parking garages.

20. Parking lots.

21. Parks, City.

22. Public transportation facility.

23. Research and technology uses.
24. Restaurants.
25. Restaurants, fast food.
26. Retail, sales and service.
27. Self-storage warehouses.
28. Swimming pools as an accessory use.
29. Temporary uses.
30. TV/radio studios.
32. Utility substations.
33. Vehicle sales/displays.
34. Vehicles sales/displays, major.
35. Vehicle service, major.
36. Veterinary offices.
37. Wholesale/distribution/warehouse facility.

C. Conditional uses. The following uses are permitted in the Industrial District as conditional uses, if approved under the provisions of Article 3, Division 4, subject to the standards in this Section and other applicable regulations in Article 5:

1. Adult uses.
2. Assisted living facilities (ALF).
3. Helistop.
4. Mixed use building(s).

D. Performance Standards.

1. Minimum parcel of land:
   a. Less than forty-five (45) feet in height shall provide a minimum of two-thousand-five-hundred (2,500) square feet.
   b. Greater than forty-five (45) feet in height shall provide a minimum of two-hundred (200) feet of primary street frontage and area of twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet.

2. Minimum parcel dimensions:
   a. Width. Twenty (25) feet.
   b. Depth. One-hundred (100) feet.
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3. Minimum setbacks. The following setbacks shall be provided for all buildings in the Industrial District:
   a. Front:
      i. Up to fifteen (15) feet in height: None.
      ii. The portion of a building above fifteen (15) feet shall be set back ten (10) feet from the property line at the lower of: a) a cornice line above fifteen (15) feet; b) the top of a parking pedestal; or c) forty (40) feet.
   b. Side:
      i. Interior side: None.
      ii. Side street: Fifteen (15) feet.
   c. Rear:
      i. Abutting a dedicated alley or street: None.
      ii. Not abutting dedicated alley or street: Ten (10) feet.
   d. Balconies: Cantilevered open balconies may project into the required setback areas a maximum of six (6) feet.

4. Height.
   a. Any structure within one hundred (100) feet of single-family residential: Thirty-five (35) feet.
   b. Other uses: Seventy-two (72) feet.
   c. Manufacturing: Forty-five (45) feet.

5. Floor area ratio (FAR): 3.0.

Division 4. Prohibited Uses

Section 4-401. Uses prohibited.

The following uses shall not be permitted within the City:
A. Nightclubs as a primary use.
B. Nightclubs where alcoholic beverages exceed forty-nine (49%) percent of total quarterly gross sales receipts/revenues of a primary restaurant use pursuant to the State of Florida licensing requirements for restaurants. See Definition of "Nightclub" in Article 8.
C. Crematory or furnace for cremation of human bodies.
D. Electronic video entertainment centers and machines.
E. Casinos.

Section 4-402. Prohibited uses, certain streets.

A. Except as provided in Section 4-403(F), no service station, public garage, auto repair shop, machine shop, used car lot, or any business conducted outside a building shall be permitted on any lots or
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premises abutting Coral Way (a portion of which is known as Miracle Mile), or Biltmore Way, or upon lots or premises abutting Ponce De Leon Boulevard between Southwest 8th Street and Bird Road.

B. No driveway for use by motor vehicles or any other purpose shall be permitted to be constructed across the sidewalks on properties abutting Miracle Mile from Douglas Road to LeJeune Road and/or on properties abutting Ponce de Leon Boulevard from Minorca Avenue to University Drive.

C. No off-street parking shall be permitted to be located on the grade level of buildings constructed on properties abutting Miracle Mile from Douglas Road to LeJeune Road and/or on properties abutting Ponce De Leon Boulevard from Minorca Avenue to University Drive.

D. No driveway for motor vehicle purposes or any other purposes shall be constructed across the sidewalk or in such yard areas of property abutting both sides of Ponce de Leon Boulevard from Malaga Avenue to Bird Road; driveways existing as of February 26, 1981 may be permitted to remain.

Section 4-403. Business outside a building.

No business shall be permitted unless such business is carried on within and under cover of a building or buildings according to the provisions of this and other ordinances of the City of Coral Gables; provided, however, that this section shall not apply to the following:

A. Automobile service stations.

B. Commercial nurseries for the growth and sale of trees, plants and flowers.

C. Open-air cafes and/or restaurants when approved in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 1.

D. Open-lot Christmas tree sales, as provided in Article 5, Division 21.

E. Restaurant drive-in service windows or walk-up counters and bank drive-in or walk-up tellers when approved in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Division 1.

F. Used-car lots, when located in accordance with the provisions of Section 4-404.

Section 4-404. Used car lots.

The business or occupation of used car lot shall not be conducted anywhere within the City of Coral Gables except upon premises in an Industrial District or as accessory use in C districts in association with a new car dealership.

Section 4-405. Adult book store, adult theater and massage salon.

The business or occupation of an adult book store, adult theater or massage salon shall not be conducted or operated except upon premises in an Industrial District, and, provided further that the operation of such uses shall comply with all provisions of the Zoning Code and all other applicable rules and regulations.

Section 4-406. Fortune tellers, etc.

The business or occupation of fortune teller, clairvoyant, palmist, astrologer, phrenologist, character reader, spirit medium, absent treatment healer, mind reader, hypnotist, mental healer, numerologist, and all other businesses and occupations of a similar nature shall not be conducted or operated except upon premises in an Industrial District.

Section 4-407. Commercial laundries.
Commercial laundries shall not be permitted except in an Industrial District.

Section 4-408. Houseboats.

A. No boat, houseboat, vessel or watercraft of any kind may be used as a place of abode or dwelling while anchored, moored or tied up in any part of the Coral Gables waterway or canal, or within the City limits in Biscayne Bay.

B. Except as provided in subsection C, no boat, houseboat, vessel or watercraft of any kind that is not propelled by its own power shall be allowed to be or remain in any of the waterways or canals or in Biscayne Bay within the City of Coral Gables for more than six (6) hours.

C. The prohibition on non-powered boats shall not apply to properly permitted construction barges or recreational non-powered boats such as sailboats or kayaks.

Section 4-409. Recreational vehicle.

A. No recreational vehicle shall be kept or parked on public or private property within the City except for the purpose of loading or unloading for a continuous period not to exceed twenty-four (24) hours during any consecutive seven (7) day period unless such recreational vehicle is parked or stored within the confines of a garage and unoccupied.

B. Under no circumstances and in no area, however zoned, shall any vehicle be used as living or sleeping quarters within the limits of the City.

Section 4-410. Tents or detached screened enclosures.

No tent or detached screen enclosure of any kind shall be erected or maintained within the City limits of the City of Coral Gables, except in conjunction with a permitted temporary use. Screened enclosures, however, will be permitted as an accessory use in connection with a permitted principal use in a residential or special use district as provided for in Article 5, Division 1.

Section 4-411. Parking, loading or unloading in residential and neighboring districts.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to park any vehicle displaying advertising signs or any truck, trailer, commercial vehicle, or recreational vehicle, in or upon any property, public or private, in any area of the City in a residential district. This prohibition, however shall not apply in the following cases:

1. Vehicles which are entirely enclosed within the confines of an enclosed garage.

2. Vehicles used by licensed contractors or service establishments while actually doing work in such residential areas between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM excluding Sundays and holidays, provided, however, that such vehicles shall contain written identification on both sides of the vehicle clearly indicating the name of the contractor or service establishment. Such identification shall be in conformance with the standards set forth in Section 8A-276(b), Commercial Vehicle Identification, of the Code of Metropolitan Dade County, Florida.

3. Vehicles carrying a sign displaying only a noncommercial message, including, but not limited to, a sign dealing with the candidacy of individuals for elected office.

4. The loading or unloading of recreational vehicles as provided for under this Section.

5. Mobile cranes and other heavy equipment used during building construction.

6. One pickup truck may be parked outside of a residence if all three of the following requirements
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are met:

a. There are no items in the bed of the vehicle.

b. The vehicle has no commercial markings or advertising, and no commercial equipment or appendage is attached to the exterior of the vehicle.

c. The vehicle is unmodified and has no more than four (4) wheels.

B. Active loading or unloading of trucks, trailers or commercial vehicles is allowed, provided that such loading or unloading shall take no more than two (2) hours, and shall not be done between the hours of 7:00 PM of one day and 7:00 AM of the next day within residential districts or within one-hundred (100) feet of residential districts. If any portion of a building or structure falls within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential district then the entire building or structure shall be subject to these provisions.

C. The two (2) hour time limit shall not apply to residential moving trucks loading or unloading during the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM. If a residential move is to occur between 7:00 PM and 7:00 AM, the property owner shall request a special waiver for good cause from the Development Services Director.

D. If the active loading or unloading of a truck, trailer or commercial vehicle (other than a residential move) within a residential district or within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential district will take more than two (2) hours, or take place between 7:00 PM and 7:00 am, the property owner shall request a special waiver for good cause from the Development Services Director.

Section 4-412. Trucks, trailers, commercial vehicles, and recreational vehicles--Parking upon streets and public places.

Except as provided for in this Division, no trucks, trailers, commercial vehicles, or recreational vehicles, shall be parked upon the streets or other public places of the City between the hours of 7:00 PM on one day and 7:00 AM of the next day. This prohibition is in addition to the total prohibition covering residential areas as provided in Section 4-411.

Section 4-413. Boats and boat trailers.

Boats and boat trailers may be placed, kept or maintained or permitted to be placed, kept or maintained in any interior side or rear yard only. Parking surfaces for the placement of boats and boat trailers may be improved or unimproved.

Section 4-414. Wild animals and reptiles, keeping.

Except as provided herein, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to keep any wild animal within the City of Coral Gables provided, however, this section shall not apply to zoos, pet shops, medical or scientific institutions, or other places licensed for the showing or keeping of wild animals.

A. Standards for issuance of permit:

1. In the City Manager's consideration of permits for animals subject to the provisions of this section, there shall be a presumption against the issuance of a permit for any animal or reptile falling within the following classifications:

   a. Any lizard normally capable of inducing toxic effects through biting, including the Gila monster and the Mexican beaded lizard.

   b. Any lizard in excess of eight (8) feet in length or of a weight in excess of twenty-five (25) pounds.
c. Any alligator, caiman, or crocodile in excess of four (4) feet in length.

d. Any ape, including the chimpanzee, gorilla, orangutan, gibbon, or simian.

e. Any true monkey but not including the smaller lower primates, such as lemurs, marmosets, etc., provided, however, it shall be unlawful to keep any monkey in such a place so as to be exposed to the public view.

f. All members of the flesh-eating order of Carnivore, including non-domestic dogs, cats, foxes, seals, raccoons, coatamundis, bears, civets, skunks, and related forms.

g. All horned or hoofed mammals.

h. Elephants.

2. There shall be a presumption in favor of the issuance of a permit to keep animals which do not fall within the classifications set forth in Section 4-414(A)(1) above; provided, however, the City Manager may still in the exercise of discretion deny a permit where the keeping of such animal is dangerous and harmful to human safety.

Section 4-415. Domestic animal and fowl.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep, harbor, breed or feed any horses, ponies, cattle, goats, pigs or other livestock, or any pigeons, peacocks, chickens, ducks or roosters, or other fowl.

Section 4-416. Possession, harboring, sheltering or keeping of cats and dogs.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, harbor, shelter, or keep more than four (4) adult cats or four (4) adult dogs at any one time, except veterinary hospitals properly licensed by the City.

B. It shall be unlawful to maintain any cat or dog so as to create a nuisance by way of noise, odor, menace to health, or otherwise.

Section 4-417. Marijuana businesses.

The preparation, cultivation, storage, processing, manufacturing, delivering or dispensing of marijuana shall not be conducted for personal, business or occupational use anywhere within the City of Coral Gables. Specifically, the City will not allow a Medical Marijuana Retail Center if such use is unlawful in the opinion of the City Attorney under either state or federal law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if permitted under both state and federal law, a Medical Marijuana Retail Center as defined herein, may be approved by the City Commission as a conditional use in the Commercial District, if the use obtains and maintains a Medical Marijuana Permit as required by Chapter 14 “Business” Article 5 “Marijuana Sales” of the City Code of Ordinances.